

2014 ADOPTED BUDGET

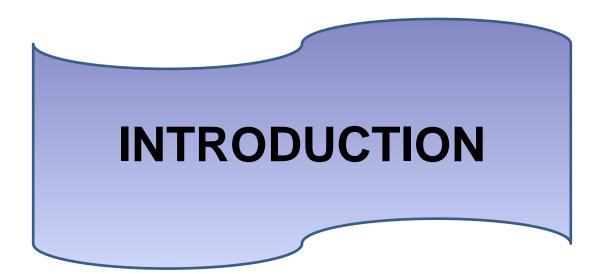
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23340 Cree Street NW St. Francis, Minnesota 55070 763-753-2630 FAX 763-753-9881

Letter of Transmittal

In compliance with State Statutes, I am pleased to present the 2014 Budget for the City of St. Francis. This budget document should be viewed as more than just a collection of financial data, but as the financial plan in df the organization will implement and accomplish Council policies, as well as meet the needs of the community and residents. In addition to the financial data contained within, this document includes information on the City organization, describes programs and services, and provides statistical values measuring activity performance and workloads.

The 2014 budget, in the amount of \$9,429,993 includes all of the funds for the City of St. Francis and reflects a 3.5% increase from the previous year's budget. The budget, as presented, reflects Council's direction and staff commitment to achieve a cost-effective, efficient and high-quality service delivery model. Essentially, the 2014 Budget is a reflection of the City's commitment to live within its means, and ensure that tax dollars are wisely managed and expended in as prudent a manner possible to achieve high-quality service outcomes.

Council priorities established during the past few strategic planning retreats include:

Additional citizen engagement – the City has a high percentage two income homes and we enjoy a very young community be comparison to other similar sized communities. This is great for our citizens, but does create some challenges as it relates to civic involvement. We continue to have challenges trying to find citizen volunteer for our board and commission. New and creative ways of engaging the citizens will be explored in 2014.

Development of commercial and industrial sites – the City has designated sites through its comprehensive plan for both commercial and industrial sites. The Council continues to discuss water and sewer growth areas north along Highway 47. Council desires to lead economic development in industrial areas where the private sector is hesitant to outlay the upfront money to get development started.

Exploring additional City Communication with Citizens – the city website continues to be the primary source for timely, accurate information and forms. The City continues to utilize both Facebook and Twitter for additional information efforts. We continue to monitor usage on these communication tools. Both tools continue to grow in utilization.

Reinventing the traditional way government services are provided. The Council continues to look and occasionally completes "pilot projects" to test new types of governmental service delivery.

The adopted budget provides a 0% increase in property taxes. The levy of \$2,988,086 represents a 0% increase over 2013. This translates to a 5.6% decrease on a median value home due to an increase in the amount of the levy coming from fiscal disparities.

Conserving the financial resources of the City is more important than ever. The budgeting function is the primary tool the Council has to make sure the City's limited resources are wisely utilized and to establish department objectives for the coming year. The Council will continue to hold discussions on how Federal, State, County and local financing will evolve in the future. Current statewide discussions are being held to describe the future on government finance "as-is" verses what state and local government finance will be in the future. Through these discussions and studies we will be able to better refine exactly what service we can afford to provide in the future. These studies will continue to ensure St. Francis is an affordable place to live while providing the services that make it a good place to call home.

Respectfully submitted,

Matthew L. Hylen City Administrator

COMMUNITY PROFILE

The City of St. Francis is located in the northernmost section of Anoka County, 12 miles north of Anoka and approximately 30 miles northwest of Minneapolis. The community can be accessed in a north southerly direction by State Trunk Highway 47 and County Road 24 in an east westerly direction.



St. Francis was originally known as the "Village of Otona" and was established in 1855 along the Rum River with a dam, grist, and a saw mill. The town was formally established as St. Francis in 1857. The Post Office was the first commercial building constructed in 1866, and in that year the Creamery Association was also built. Two other buildings were constructed during this period and still exist today: the Rum River Inn and the H.G. Leathers House. Both of these buildings are also listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

The community was an active center for milling lumber and flour in its early days. In the late 1880s, the population of St. Francis was almost 500, and the population actually held near that number until the 1960s. In 1923, the flour mill closed. Development of St. Francis in its early days suffered from the loss of the railroad as trade went to better transportation centers. From 1930 until 1960, agriculture was the community's economic mainstay.

During the late 1960's, St. Francis began to attract more residents and over the next few decades grew significantly. The community was incorporated in 1974, and with the assistance of a loan from the U.S. Department of Agriculture – Farmer's Home Administration, the City constructed and began operating a municipal sewer and water system. These systems attracted quality development into the area. By 1980, the population had grown from 897 to 1,184 and by 1990, the population had grown 117% to reach a total of 2,538 residents. Growth continued through the 1990s and has been particularly dramatic in the past years. Today, the population is approximately 7,218. Its small town character, its schools and accessible location has attracted and continues to attract new residents, particularly young families.

St. Francis is a home rule charter city. Minnesota has two basic types of cities – home rule and statutory – which influence cities' organization and powers. The difference is the type of enabling legislation from which the municipality gains its authority. Home rule cities obtain their powers from a locally enacted home rule charter which is essentially a city constitution. Statutory cities get their power from Chapter 412 of Minnesota Statutes. Home rule charter cities can exercise any powers in their locally adopted charters as long as there's no conflict with state law. Conversely, charter provisions can specifically restrict the powers of a city.

St. Francis operates under the Council/Administrator form of government. An elected City Council sets the policy and overall direction for St. Francis. Then city staff, under the direction of a city administrator, carries out council decisions and provides day-to-day city services. The city administrator is accountable to the City Council.

The City Council consists of a Mayor and four Council Members elected at-large. City elections are held in even numbered years, with the Mayor serving a two-year term and all Council Members serving four-year terms.

The City of St. Francis provides a full range of services. The general governmental functions protection. include police and fire maintenance, engineering, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, economic and community general legislative development and administrative services. The City also operates as enterprise funds the following services: water, sewer and a municipal liquor store.



St. Francis is served by Independent School District #15. They serve the communities of St. Francis, East Bethel, Bethel, Oak Grove, Andover, Athens, Nowthen and Stanford. The school district offices as well as the bus garage and several of the school buildings are located within the City limits.



The Rum River runs north/south through the central area of St. Francis offering scenic views and canoeing opportunities. Rum River North County Park, an Anoka County Park, consists of 80 acres located near the south-central boundary of St. Francis. It is the northern access to the Rum River Canoe Corridor and offers amenities such as picnic shelters, biking and hiking trails, campsites and observation decks.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS

DECEMBER 2013

CITY COUNCIL

JERRY TVEIT, MAYOR Term Expires 12-31-2014

VACANCY, COUNCILMEMBER

TIM BROWN, COUNCILMEMBER Term Expires 12-31-2016

AMY LAZERE, COUNCILMEMBER Term Expires 12-31-2014 CHRISTOPHER MCCLISH, COUNCILMEMBER
Term Expires 12-31-2014

CITY MANAGERIAL STAFF

Employee	Position	Date Appointed
Matthew Hylen	City Administrator	November 14, 2005
Barbara Held	City Clerk	July 1, 1991
Darcy Mulvihill	Finance Director	June 28, 2010
Jeffery Harapat	Police Chief	September 1, 2007
Dean Kapler	Fire Chief	May 16, 2011
Paul Teicher	Public Works Director	April 14, 2008
John Schmidt	Liquor Store Manager	November 12, 2007

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BUDGET OVERVIEW

Challenges for the 2014 Budget

Challenges that frame the development of the 2014 Budget include:

<u>Levy</u> – For the 2014 tax levy, the Legislature did reinstate levy limits. The Market Value Exclusion program does continue for 2014. This program gives homestead properties valued at less than \$413,778, an exclusion of the market value from property taxes. This shifted the taxes that would be paid by this part of the excluded property mostly onto commercial and industrial properties. The city did not increase the levy.

<u>State aid</u> –Local Government Aid was significantly reformed for 2014. The Legislature increased the total appropriation for city aid payments. The city is going to receive \$313,420 which is an increase of \$232,491 over the 2013 amount.

<u>Volatility in fuel and energy costs</u> – Fuel and energy costs remain volatile and are outpacing general inflation. The fluctuations in gas prices can affect every department.

Maintaining a competitive employee compensation and benefit package – In an effort to attract and retain high-performing employees, the City makes great effort to ensure that the City's compensation and benefit package is commensurate with peer communities. Union contracts with the City's two collective bargaining units were negotiated in 2012. Currently, City of St. Francis employees are far below our peer communities with respect to health insurance benefits. This will be an issue discussed during the next contract negotiations in 2014.

Revenues (net of transfers and debt proceeds) up by 3.96% The 2014 budget anticipates revenues (net of transfers and debt proceeds) in the amount of \$8,425,429, an increase of \$321,200 (3.96%) from 2013. The primary reason for this increase is the increase in LGA for 2014. There was also a increase in sales at the liquor store based on current sales and water and sewer rates are being increased. The sales figures each year are analyzed to try and set reasonable budgets. The City also continues to review its fee schedule to determine what, if any, changes need to be implemented in future years for water and sewer rates.

Revenue Comparison

1.tovondo companicon					
Fund	2013	2014	\$ Change	% Change	
General	\$3,864,729	\$4,065,329	\$200,600	5.19%	
Special Revenue	15,200	15,200	\$0	0.00%	
Debt	47,300	48,900	\$1,600	3.38%	
Capital	57,500	43,500	(\$14,000)	-24.35%	
Enterprise	4,119,500	4,252,500	\$133,000	3.23%	
TOTAL	\$8,104,229	\$8,425,429	\$321,200	3.96%	

Expenditures (net of transfers and refunded debt service) up 3.13% Expenditures (net of transfers and refunded debt service) in the 2014 Budget are 3.13% or \$266,644 more than 2013.

Expenditure	Comparison

Fund	2013	2013	\$ Change	% Change
General	\$3,701,477	\$3,735,329	\$33,852	0.91%
Special Revenue	24,230	14,719	(\$9,511)	-39.25%
Debt	620,652	651,691	\$31,039	5.00%
Capital	0	0	\$0	#DIV/0!
Enterprise	4,162,110	4,373,374	\$211,264	5.08%
TOTAL	\$8,508,469	\$8,775,113	\$266,644	3.13%

The main reason for this increase is the increased costs in the sewer fund for Treatment Plant issues.

Tax levy for 2014 is 0% change

The City's tax levy for 2014 is \$ 2,988,086 which is the same as 2013. The median home value in the City of St. Francis dropped from \$114,500 in 2013 to \$113,700 in 2014. A median home will pay \$546/year for 2014 city taxes.

The following table summarizes the estimated tax impact on homestead residential homes, based on the 2014 tax levy. This assumes no change in property valuation from year to year

Estimated Market Value	2014 City Taxes		2013 City Taxes		Difference
100,000	\$	427.12	\$	452.52	\$ (25.40)
113,700	\$	515.75	\$	546.43	\$ (30.68)
120,000	\$	556.80	\$	589.91	\$ (33.11)
140,000	\$	686.48	\$	727.31	\$ (40.83)
160,000	\$	816.16	\$	864.70	\$ (48.54)
180,000	\$	945.84	\$	1,002.10	\$ (56.26)
200,000	\$	1,075.52	\$	1,139.49	\$ (63.97)
220,000	\$	1,205.21	\$	1,276.89	\$ (71.68)

County assessors value all property in the City annually. There is a lag time between when the property value is set and when the taxes are paid. For example, the market values that are set in 2013 are the basis for the taxes payable in 2014. The total of all the individual market values determines the total market value of the City.

After the estimated market value is determined, the amount of market value exclusion is determined. The full market value exclusion amount is \$30,400. This is 40% of \$76,000. Any value over \$76,000 loses 9% of the exclusion. This calculation on a \$200,000 house is as follows:

 $30,400-((200,000-76,000) \times .09) = 19,240$

The \$19,240 is then subtracted from the \$200,000 to determine the property's taxable market value (TMV):

The taxable market value is then taken times the class rate of 1% (See table following to see class rates) to determine the net tax capacity (NTC):

$$$180,760 \times .01 = $1,808$$

Then the net tax capacity rate is taken times the total tax rate to determine the taxes for the property.

On non-homestead properties, the estimated market value is taken times the class rate and then taken times the tax rate to determine the tax amount.

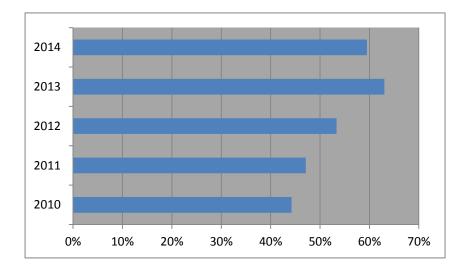
	Payable 2011	Payable 2012	Payable 2013
Property Type	Class Rate	Class Rate	Class Rate
Homestead			
0 to \$500,000	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Over \$500,000	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
Non-Homestead (Single Family)			
0 to \$500,000	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Over \$500,000	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
Apartments			
Regular	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
Low Income	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Commercial/Industrial			
0 to \$150,000	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Over \$150,000	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%

When the City of St. Francis levies property taxes, the amount levied is allocated to property owners based on the tax capacity of their property. The total tax capacity is computed by factoring adjustments for tax increment districts and fiscal disparities. The adjustment for tax increment districts reduces the tax base for the value of the new development in a specified area. This allows the city to use the additional property taxes generated by the development to pay for certain expenses. The adjustment in tax base for fiscal disparities provides for sharing throughout the Twin Cities metropolitan area of a percentage of the growth in commercial and industrial tax base values. The growth is contributed to an area-wide tax base pool. A distribution index, based on the factors of population and property market value per capita, is used to allocate the area-wide tax base pool back to each taxing district. The following table provides a breakdown of St. Francis' tax base values:

Tax Capacity	2012	2013	2014	
Real Estate/Personal Property	4,491,688	3,946,348	3,784,282	
Tax Increment Districts	(12,628)	(11,899)	(11,891)	
Sub-Total	4,479,060	3,934,449	3,772,391	
Fiscal Disparities:				
Contribution	(323,392)	(310,151)	(274,535)	
Distribution	1,383,468	1,320,087	1,434,712	
Total Tax Capacity	5,539,136	4,944,385	4,932,568	
Percent change	-10.35%	-10.74%	-0.24%	

The tax capacity is calculated by dividing the tax levy amount by the total tax capacity of the city's tax base. This rate is then applied to the tax capacity of the property to determine the amount of taxes due. The tax capacity rate for the city property tax levy for the past few years has been as follows:

2010 44.24% 2011 47.13% 2012 53.34% 2013 63.03% Preliminary 2014 59.49%



Using the prior example of a single family home with an estimated market value of \$200,000, the approximate city tax for 2014 would be:

$$1,808 \times 59.49\% = 1,075.58$$

There are other factors taken into consideration when computing the final tax amount. This example is intended to give an estimate of the city's property

tax amount. City property taxes are only a portion of the total tax bill for property owners. In Minnesota, property taxes are also levied by school districts, counties and miscellaneous taxing districts. The property tax bill for each property owner is equal to each taxing district's tax rate multiplied by the property value and then added together.

Staffing

The number of full time equivalent positions increased to 30.5 for the 2014 budget year.

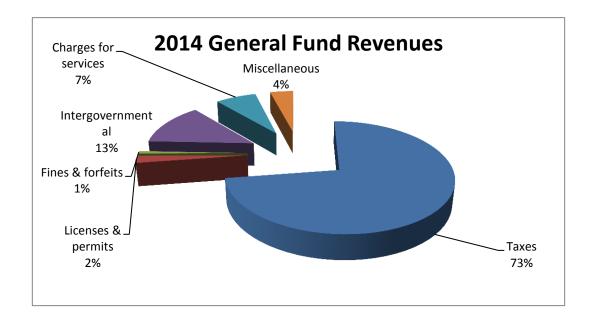
Additional employees were requested by departments during the budget process, one employee went from part-time to full-time in the 2014 Budget. Staff currently needed by the City includes:

Police Officers
Community Development Director/EDA

General Fund Revenues (net of transfers) up 5.19%

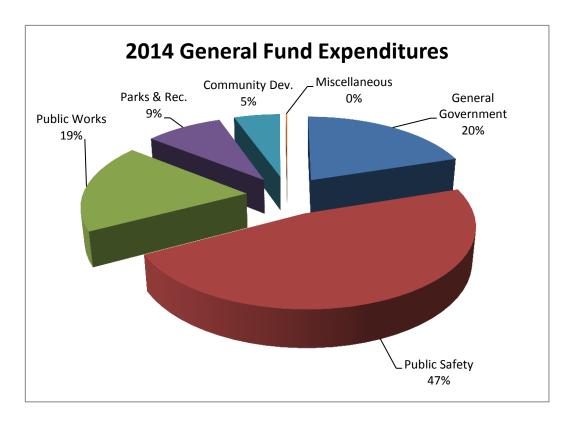
The 5.19% increase in General Fund revenues (net of transfers) amounts to \$200,600 more revenues than 2013. Taxes are \$35,000 lower than the 2013 Budget and they represent 73% of the revenues for the General Fund. Local Government aid, which is part of Intergovernmental Revenue, was budgeted at \$313,420 while the amount received in 2013 was only \$80,929.

	2013	2014	\$ Change	% Change
Taxes	2,990,200	2,955,200	(35,000)	-1.17%
Licenses & permits	90,668	89,756	(912)	-1.01%
Fines & forfeits	27,230	31,290	4,060	14.91%
Intergovernmental	311,071	534,239	223,168	71.74%
Charges for services	268,733	289,642	20,909	7.78%
Miscellaneous	176,827	165,202	(11,625)	-6.57%
TOTAL	3,864,729	4,065,329	200,600	5.19%



General Fund Expenditures (net of transfers) up .91% The 2014 Budget includes recommended expenditures (net of transfers) that are .91% higher than the 2013 Budget. This is an increase of \$33,852 over the previous year with the largest increase being recognized in the Public Safety budget.

	2013	2014	\$ Change	% Change
General Government	736,355	747,650	11,295	1.53%
Public Safety	1,725,722	1,764,829	39,107	2.27%
Public Works	694,260	688,150	(6,110)	-0.88%
Parks & Rec.	370,160	330,900	(39,260)	-10.61%
Community Dev.	168,880	197,700	28,820	17.07%
Miscellaneous	6,100	6,100	-	0.00%
TOTAL	3,701,477	3,735,329	33,852	0.91%



General Fund Fund Balance will be 51.1% of Budget

The State Auditor recommends that cities maintain unreserved fund balances in their general fund of approximately 35 to 50 percent of fund operating revenues or no less than five months of operating expenditures. The 2014 budget projects a fund balance of 51.1% of fund operating revenues and 6.7 months of operating expenditures. This should provide a sufficient balance to cover cash flow needs and unexpected expenditures.

Debt Service Funds

The City has two debt service funds to account for debt. Fund 311 accounts for the 2007 bonds related to street improvements. This is funded through property taxes, special assessments and transfers. The other fund is EDA Lease Revenue Bonds (330). This bond was sold in 2012 to financing the new Police/Public Works Building. This will be repaid with transfers from the General Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Fund.

Debt for the Water and Sewer Enterprise funds are accounted for in the respective funds.

Outstanding debt at December 31, 2013 is calculated at \$24,791,000.

Capital Improvements

The 2014 Budget implements the first year of the 2014-2018 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) adopted by the City Council on August 5, 2013. This five-year plan is updated annually through a comprehensive capital needs planning process. Some of the projects listed in the CIP are not included in the annually adopted budget because budgets are not established until after a public hearing is held and the City Council approves the project. This process is normally used for street projects and building construction because of the size of the project and the uncertainty of approval. Items from the 2014-2018 CIP which are included in the 2014 Budget are:

PUBLIC WORKS/POLICE FACILITY BOND	340,000
REPLACEMENT OF SCBA BOTTLES	15,624
BOBCAT ANNUAL REPLACEMENT	32,900
RADIOS FOR SQUADS	4,000
ZERO TURN MOWER	19,500
SQUAD CAR REPLACEMENT	35,000
1/2 TON PICKUP	37,500

Utility rates

Water and sewer rates are set with the knowledge that predicting income is far more difficult than predicting expense and capital costs. In setting rates, the City expects fluctuations in consumption from year to year, and therefore expects a net loss in some years and a net profit in others. The rate setting process is designed to make gradual changes in rates whenever possible, focusing on a long-term strategy.

Current base rates and connection charges bring in \$335,700 in the Sewer Fund and \$321,800 in the Water Fund. The remaining revenue is from usage charges, penalties and interest earnings.

Utility rate history (usage is per 1,000 gallons; base is per equivalent connection):

,	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Water							
Base	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.75	11.75	11.75	13.75
Usage	3.50	Tiered	Tiered	Tiered	Tiered	Tiered	Tiered
MN Test Fee	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53	.53
Sewer							
Base	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.25	12.25	12.25	12.50
Usage	3.50	3.85	4.20	4.55	4.55	4.55	4.90

MN Statute 103G.291 was amended in 2008 to include a requirement for public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people to adopt a water rate structure that encourages conservation by January 1, 2010. It was determined that a tiered rate system was the easiest and fairest solution. The following tiered rate system is in place for water usage

Gallons per Equivalent Connection	Fee per 1,000		
	<u>gallons</u>		
0 - 14,999	\$4.25		
15,000 – 29,999	\$4.45		
30,000 - 44,999	\$5.15		
>= 45,000	\$6.15		

MN PFA, the lender on our new Water Treatment Plant, requires that the City collect amounts necessary to produce net revenues adequate to pay all principal and interest when due on the Note. If not, they can require us to have a rate increase or direct us to levy the amount through property taxes.

Water and Sewer Funds

Customers are billed for water and sewer charges on a monthly basis. Monthly billing assists in water conservation and leak detection by notifying customers of their usage every 30 days. The City contracts with an outside billing service for its utilities. Unpaid bills are the responsibility of the property owner and are certified to the property taxes each year.

Staff continues to monitor utility revenues to ensure financial stability.

Expenditures from these funds are used for operation and maintenance, debt service, capital improvements, and infrastructure replacement relating specifically to the operation of water and sewer services. Major activity relating to these funds include:

- A Water Treatment Plant was constructed in 2008 with low interest financing provided through the MN Public Facilities Authority.
- It is anticipated that the City will need to construct a new Waste Water Treatment Facility in the future and land was purchased in 2007 to accommodate this project.

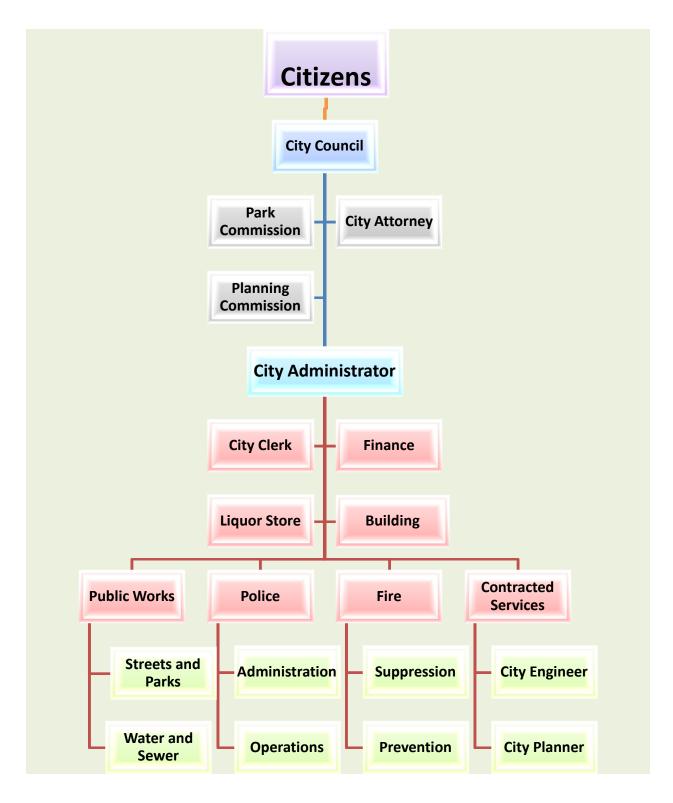
• A second river crossing vital for uninterrupted water service for those residents on the east side of the Rum River and necessary for efficient watermain system maintenance was completed in 2009.

 Construction of sanitary sewer and water mains to serve properties along Ambassador Boulevard as well as providing development opportunities for existing undeveloped properties was completed in 2011.

Liquor

The St. Francis Municipal Bottle Shop was established in 1964 and has been a key partner in the operation of the City. Records show that over \$500,000 of store proceeds have been used to support City purchases and various recreational activities within the City. The Bottle Shop has been a proud sponsor of the Pioneer Days fireworks display since 1999 and has also assisted with the financing of the Fire Department building expansion, Woodbury Park gazebo, Fire Department tanker, and various public safety equipment, just to name a few. Gross sales topped \$2 million for the first time in 2008 with gross profit at 25%.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

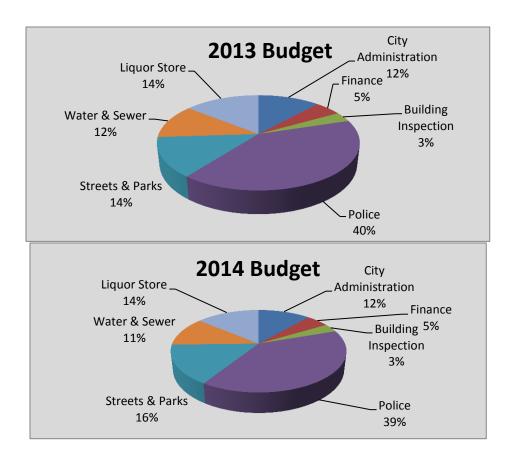


CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA SUMMARY OF PERSONNEL

NUMBER OF BUDGETED REGULAR EMPLOYEES

	20)13	20	14
	FULL	PART	FULL	PART
	TIME	TIME	TIME	TIME
City Administration	3.00	0.50	3.00	0.50
Finance	1.00	0.50	1.00	0.50
Building Inspection	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
Police	12.00	0.00	12.00	0.00
Streets & Parks	2.50	1.50	3.50	1.25
Water & Sewer	3.50	0.00	3.50	0.00
Liquor Store	2.00	2.25	2.00	2.25
TOTALS	25.00	4.75	26.00	4.50

The number of part-time employees listed is after conversion to full-time equivalents. Employee totals do not include paid-per-call firefighters, reserve officers, commission members or election judges.



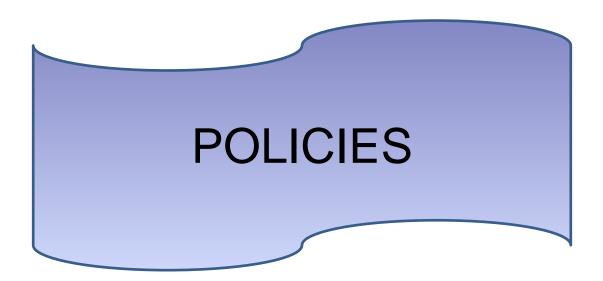
	CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA			
	LISTING OF PERSONNEL POSITIONS BUDGETED FULL-TIME REGULAR EMPLOYEES 2012-201	4		
CODE	CITY ADMINISTRATION	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
101-41400	City Administrator	1.00	1.00	1.00
	City Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Receptionist/Office Support	1.00	1.00	1.00
	City Administration Department Total	3.00	3.00	3.00
101-41500	FINANCE Finance Director	1.00	1.00	1.00
101 11000		1.00	1.00	1.00
101-42400	Building Inspection Building Inspector	0.00	1.00	1.00
101-42-00	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	0.00	1.00	1.00
101-42110	POLICE DEPARTMENT Police Chief	1.00	1.00	1.00
101-42110	Administrative Assistant	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Police Records Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Sergeant	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Investigator	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Police Officer	7.00	7.00	7.00
	Police Department Total	12.00	12.00	12.00
	STREETS & PARKS			
101-43100	Highways, Streets & Roads			
	Public Works Director	0.35	0.20	0.25
	Asst. Public Works Director	0.10	0.00	0.00
	Streets & Parks Worker	2.10	1.50	1.70
101-45200	Parks			
	Public Works Director	0.35	0.20	0.25
	Asst. Public Works Director	0.10	0.00	0.00
101-43210	Streets & Parks Worker Recycling	0.90	0.50	0.90
101-43210	Public Works Director	0.10	0.10	0.00
	Streets & Parks Worker	0.00	0.00	0.40
	Streets & Parks Department Total	4.00	2.50	3.50
	WATER & SEWER			0.00
601-49440	Water Operations:			
	Public Works Director	0.10	0.25	0.25
	Asst. Public Works Director	0.40	0.00	0.00
	Water/Wastewater Operator	1.50	1.50	1.50
602-49440	Sanitary Sewer Operations:			
	Public Works Director	0.10	0.25	0.25
	Asst. Public Works Director	0.40	0.00	0.00
	Water/Wastewater Operator	1.50	1.50	1.50
	Public Works Department Total	4.00	3.50	3.50
000 40750	MUNICIPAL LIQUOR STORE	4.00	4.00	4.00
609-49750	Liquor Store Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Liquor Store Asst. Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Municipal Liquor Store Total	2.00	2.00	2.00
	TOTAL	26.00	25.00	26.00



The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to City of St. Francis, Minnesota for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2013. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.





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BUDGET PROCESS

One of the most important activities undertaken each year by the City is the budget process. The quality of decisions made in the budget process conveys the City's long-range plans and policies for current and future services and programs. The budget is a financial, planning, and policy document which reflects the allocation of limited revenue among competing uses and serves as a guide for the various departments in implementing their goals and objectives.

It is important that the budget process communicate and involve the citizens, elected officials, staff, management, businesses, and all other interested parties of the City by:

- Identifying their issues and concerns,
- Obtaining their support for the budget process with different opportunities to get involved or express opinions,
- Achieving their knowledge and understanding of the goals and resource allocation,
- And reporting to them on services and resource utilization.

The budget process is a year-round activity because regular reporting is necessary to provide accountability, understanding, and confidence in the City. The City provides different types of reporting to facilitate this process. These reports include: quarterly newsletters, monthly department reports, monthly investment reports, budget document, and an audited comprehensive annual financial statement.

The annual budget process begins in February of each year. Department heads receive preliminary budget guidance from the City Administrator, with direction from the Mayor and Council. In April – May, department heads are given budget instructions and worksheets reflecting two-year historical data and current year budget and expenditure amounts. Each department is responsible for submitting the proposed budgets for their respective programs. They are asked to determine if there is a need to increase staff or if other major changes are needed. They are given approximately a month to finalize their research and submit the budget worksheets to the Finance Director by early June. Revenues are projected by the Finance Director. In budgeting revenues, a conservative approach is taken. For many revenue line items, actual data over the past three years is analyzed to identify inherent trends, and an adjustment is made for known events predicted to occur in the coming calendar year. The City Administrator and Finance Director meet individually with each department head to discuss the department's budget submittal, and changes are made, either increases or decreases, to accommodate the overall budget picture. Total budget requests are compared to revenue estimates to ensure that there is funding available to fund the proposed expenditures. Following the individual meetings, budget workshops are held with the City Council. The submittal of the Proposed Budget is followed by a series of public presentations to the City Council that are designed to give the Council and citizens an overview of the Budget, and to prepare the Council in making informed budget decisions. The final document is adopted in December following the required public hearings. A more detailed timeline for the budget process is as follows:

* Council-staff retreat to discuss goals and priorities for CIP and February Budget. * Finance Director prepares initial draft of Debt Service Budget. March * Finance Director prepares personnel cost estimates. April * Finance Director prepares budget worksheets and instructions for May department heads. * City Administrator distributes budget preparation materials to department heads. * Finance Director prepares preliminary revenue estimates. * Finance Director prepares initial draft of Capital Budget. June Budget requests are due from department heads. * Finance Director prepares preliminary report for the City Administrator on the Budget. * City Administrator and Finance Director meet with department heads to discuss budget requests. * Final decisions made regarding Operating, Capital and Debt Service Budgets. * Final General Fund revenue estimates prepared by Finance Director. July Budget workshops held with City Council as needed. August * Finance Director makes final changes for the Proposed Budget. Prior to Sept. 15th * At a Council meeting, the public hearing date on the proposed budget and proposed tax levy are approved by the Council. By Sept 15th * Finance Director certifies preliminary levy and hearing date to Anoka County. Sept/Oct * Budget presentations held with City Council as needed. November * County auditor mails tax notices to each taxpayer. December * Public hearings and Council adoption of the Budget and tax levy. * Finance Director prepares tax certification forms for Anoka

County. Summary Budget Statement published in accordance with the State Auditor's guidelines. Certification of Compliance with Truth in Taxation and Property Tax Levy Report requirements filed with State Department of Revenue.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

Balancing the Budget

The City recognizes that its citizens deserve a commitment from the City to live within its means and that a balanced operating budget is the cornerstone of fiscal responsibility. A balance must be struck between revenues and expenditures so the public can realize the benefits of a strong and stable government. Annual operating expenditures (personnel costs, operating expenses, capital expenses and transfers) will be fiscally balanced with revenues or income estimates that can be reasonably and normally projected to be received during the fiscal year.

On an annual basis the City will present a balanced General Fund operating budget to the City Council. Total resources available, including fund balances plus projected revenue, shall be equal to or greater than the projected expenditures for the coming year. In the event a budget deviates from being presented as balanced, full disclosure and City Council approval will be required including the factors affecting the budget such as economic factors or emergency capital expenditures.

- Any increase in expenses that requires budget revision shall be offset by a budget transfer, increased revenue or use of fund balance.
- Any significant decrease in revenue that results in a budget imbalance shall be
 offset by a budget revision to reduce expenditures. Any minor decrease in
 revenues that results in a budget imbalance shall be assumed to be offset by
 departments that won't spend their entire expenditure budget.
- Temporary shortages, or operating deficits, can and will occur due to extraordinary events and circumstances. These operating deficits will not be tolerated as an extended trend.
- Any year-end operating surpluses will revert to unappropriated balances for use in maintaining reserve levels set by policy or transferring for use in capital projects or "one-time only" projects.
- Special Revenue Funds are supported by special levies and fees, grants or intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures in these funds are strictly limited to the mandates of the funding source.

Long-Range Planning and Fund Balance

A good budget process incorporates a long-term perspective to assess the financial implications of current and proposed operating and capital budgets, budget policies, cash management and investment policies, programs and assumptions. This information is important in making quality decisions for both the current and future needs of the City.

Maintaining an adequate fund balance is essential. The City shall establish a reserve general fund balance in order to accommodate unexpected operational changes, legislative impacts or other economic events affecting the City's operations that could not have been reasonably anticipated. The goal is to establish an unreserved fund balance in the General Fund that is equivalent to forty percent (40%) of General Fund

revenues. Fund balance is defined as the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. This unreserved fund balance will be used to meet cash flow needs until the first property tax and state aid payments are received at mid-year and to provide for unanticipated expenditures, revenue shortfalls, and emergency situations which may occur.

Capital Improvement

The City shall establish a multi-year Capital Improvement Plan that allows the City to maintain its equipment and infrastructure at an adequate level. This plan will be updated annually. The City will coordinate development of the Capital Improvement Budget with the development of the operating budget. Future operating costs associated with new capital improvements will be projected and included in operating budget forecasts. As resources are available, the most current year of the CIP will be incorporated into the current year operating budget as the Capital Improvement Budget. The City will provide ongoing preventative maintenance and upkeep on all its assets at a level adequate to protect the City's capital investment and to minimize future maintenance and replacement costs.

Capital Asset Inventory

Understanding the use and condition of all the City's equipment and infrastructure (capital asset) is important in receiving maximized public benefit. This allows the City to plan for the ongoing financial commitments required to maintain and replace the equipment and infrastructure.

- The City shall maintain a list of equipment and infrastructure.
- Identify corrective/maintenance needs on a yearly basis.
- Develop preventive and predictive maintenance planning estimates.
- Establish replacement schedules by determining useful life and estimated year of replacement for inventory.

Revenue Policies

Understanding the revenue stream is essential to prudent planning. These policies seek stability to avoid potential service disruptions caused by revenue shortfalls. Estimates are arrived at by studying relevant revenue history along with economic trends and indices when available.

Revenue Diversification

Program demands require that an adequate revenue stream be maintained. The City will continuously seek to diversify its revenue sources in order to improve the ability to handle fluctuations or dependency on individual sources. New and expanded unrestricted revenue streams should be first applied to support existing programs prior to funding new or expanded programs. The various sources of revenue shall be monitored to determine that rates continue to be adequate so each source is maximized. The City will pursue federal, state, and private grants but will strictly limit

financial support of these programs to avoid commitments that continue beyond funding availability.

Fees and Charges

The City will charge fees for services where such an approach is permissible, and where there is only a limited or specific group of beneficiaries of the City service. Sufficient user charges and fees shall be pursued and levied to support the full cost (operating, direct, indirect and capital) of operations. The City will consider market rates and charges levied by other public and private organizations for similar services in establishing tax tees and charges. The City will periodically review fees and charges in order to keep pace with the cost of providing the service or that percentage of the total cost deemed appropriate by the City. Services shall be scaled to the level of support available from these fees and charges. When sufficient user charges and fees cannot be pursued and levied to support the full cost of operations (such as public record request), the City shall be aware of the costs not allocated to the user charges and fees. In conjunction with the annual budget process, departments will review the cost of providing services against the fee charged. Proposed increases will be brought before the City Council for approval. The City will set fees and user charges for each Enterprise Fund, such as Water and Sewer, at a level that fully supports the total direct and indirect costs of the activity. Indirect costs include the cost of annual depreciation of capital assets.

Use of One-time Revenues

Non-recurring revenue or one-time revenues are sources of revenue the City cannot anticipate receiving on a continuing basis. It is important to seek out and receive this non-recurring revenue because these revenues have value different than ongoing revenues. The City will pursue one-time revenues but will strictly limit expenses to avoid commitments that continue on an ongoing basis.

The City shall not budget one-time revenues unless the revenue has been received or a commitment notice has been received. Use of one-time revenues will be reserved for the highest priorities of the current budget to include any revenue shortfalls impacting current budget, reducing and managing debt, use in considering one-time capital purchases and fund balance reserves.

Use of Unpredictable Revenues

The City uses a conservation approach in making ongoing revenue assumptions by utilizing growth patterns and knowledge of the developing areas. Unpredictable revenue assumptions need to also consider the various factors that make the source unpredictable. Unpredictable revenue shall be monitored to determine how the various factors are affecting the collection both currently and in the future. Unpredictable revenue shall be described in the budget document, and the factors that make the source unpredictable discussed.

The City shall budget unpredictable revenue lower than the revenue assumption or anticipated collection. The City has not restricted the use of unpredictable revenues.

Stabilization

The City needs to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect the public against the need to reduce service levels or raise taxes and fees due to temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The long-range planning policy established a reserve general fund balance for unexpected operational changes, legislative impacts or other economic events.

Expenditure Policies

The expenditures of a City define the ongoing public service commitment. Prudent expenditure planning and accountability will ensure fiscal stability.

Expenditure Accountability

Policies and budgets are not effective if the City does not make periodical review to actual expenditures. This review allows the City to decide on necessary actions to bring the budget back into balance. Financial reports presented to City Council and department heads on a regularly scheduled basis. Analysis of the financial reports presented to City Council and department heads on a regularly scheduled basis.

Debt

Per state statutes, the City will not exceed three percent (3%) of the estimated market value of taxable property for general obligation debt. The City will utilize all appropriate financing methods to assist it in meeting its financial needs.

- Utilize finance consultants and professional service providers to assist in managing the debt of the City including: bond counsel, underwriters, financial advisers, paying agent and other professional service providers.
- Utilize the long-range planning plans in preparing the budget and developing financing scenarios.
- The structure and term of all City indebtedness shall vary in order to accommodate the different economic life cycles of the financed improvement.
- Short-term debt and interim financing should be used when it is prudent and advantageous to the City.
- All debt issues will be reviewed periodically to determine if refinancing or calling of any issue would be financially beneficial when advantageous, legally permissible and prudent.
- The City shall seek to use credit enhancement (letters of credit, bond issuance, surety bond, etc.) when such credit enhancement proves cost-effective.
- Establish a system of record keeping and reporting to meet the arbitrage rebate compliance requirements of the federal tax code.
- The City shall maintain a relationship with the rating agencies that currently assign ratings to the various debt obligations.
- Provide ongoing disclosure information to established information repositories for maintaining compliance with disclosure standards promulgated by state and national regulatory bodies.

 Long term borrowing will not be used to finance current operations or normal maintenance.

- The City will strive to maintain a high reliance on pay-as-you-go financing for its capital improvements.
- The City will confine long term borrowing to capital improvements or projects that cannot be financed from current revenues.
- When the City finances capital projects by issuing bonds, it will pay back the bonds within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project.
- Where possible, the City will use special assessment revenue or other selfsupporting bonds instead of General Obligation Bonds.

Basis of Budgeting

The modified accrual basis was used for the budgets for most of the funds in the budget. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period that they become available and measurable. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable. The accrual basis was used for the budget of the enterprise funds (Water, Sewer and Liquor) in the Operating Budget. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period that they are earned and measurable; expenses are recognized in the accounting period that they are incurred, if measurable. The basis of budgeting is the same as the basis of accounting.

FUND STRUCTURE

Following is a description of the funds included that are subject to appropriation, for which financial plans and budget appropriations are prepared annually. These funds are the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Enterprise Funds.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions not properly accounted for in any other fund, including most of the basic governmental services. The expenditures from the General Fund account for the majority of primary services provided by the City in the areas of public safety, parks and recreation, street maintenance, planning, engineering and general government. In 2012, the Bi-Centennial and the Pioneer Days Special Revenue Funds were moved into the General Fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

This type of fund accounts for services and expenditures where revenue is restricted for a designated purpose. The City maintains the following Special Revenue Funds:

- Police Forfeiture Fund proceeds from the sale of forfeited vehicles which is legally restricted for the purchase of police equipment.
- **Turtle Ridge TIF Fund** activity associated with the City's only Tax Increment Financing District established for the Turtle Ridge Townhome project.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment (except those financed by proprietary funds). This includes expenditures relating to street projects and economic development. The City maintains the following Capital Projects Funds:

- **Capital Projects/Equipment** funds set aside for future purchases of equipment, vehicles, and facility replacements and improvements. Resources are currently provided by transfers from other funds.
- Park Fund for the development of new City parks and improvement of existing parks. Revenue is primarily from park development fees.
- **Gambling Fund** activity associated with the 10% contribution from the net gambling proceeds from the charitable organizations in the city.
- **Creekview Estates** accounts for the accumulation of resources to finance the 2006 street reconstruction project.
- *Fire Truck Replacement* funds set aside for future purchases of vehicles. Resources are currently provided by transfers from other funds.
- **Ivywood & 230**th accounts for financial resources used to finance a future street reconstruction project.
- Trunk Utilities River's Edge accounts for financial resources used to improve current city infrastructure and to finance construction of sanitary sewer and water mains to serve the new River's Edge development and Rum River Bluffs development.
- Watermain Looping this will complete a second river crossing vital for uninterrupted and quality water service for those residents on the east side of the Rum River and necessary for efficient watermain system maintenance.

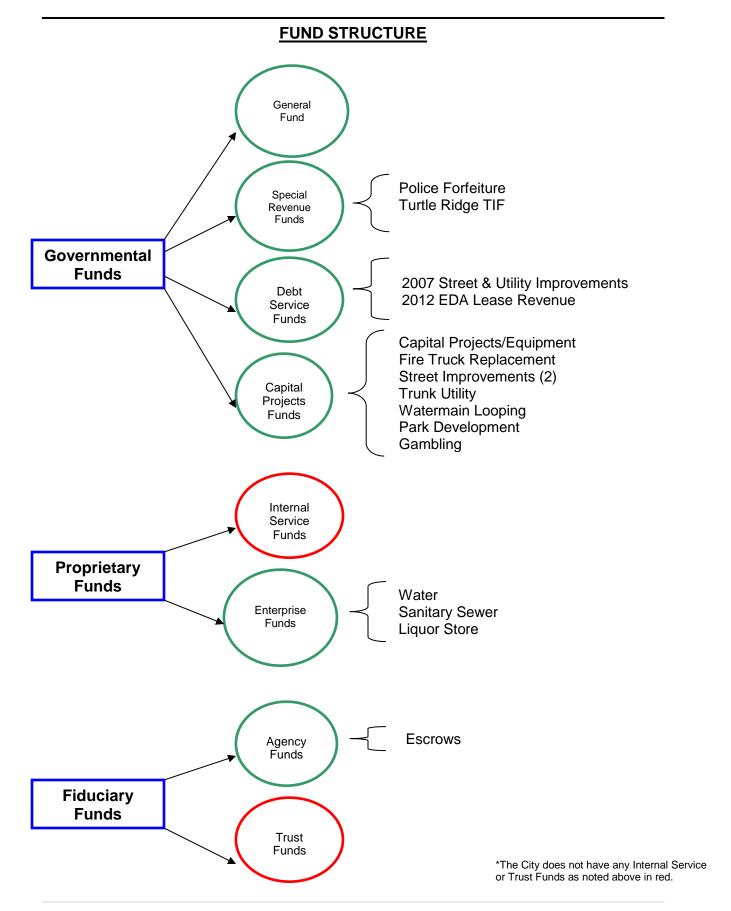
DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general and special assessment long-term debt principal, interest and fiscal agents' fees. Enterprise fund debt is accounted for in the individual enterprise fund.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds account for our business-type activities. These activities provide services where most or all of the costs are recovered through user fees and charges. The City maintains the following Enterprise Funds:

- **Water Fund** receives its revenues from charges to property owners to provide water utilities, fund operations and maintain infrastructure.
- **Sewer Fund** receives its revenues from charges to property owners to provide sewer utilities, fund operations and maintain infrastructure.
- **Liquor Fund** accounts for the costs associated with the City's liquor operations.



City of St. Francis Funds and Departments Relationship

	General Government	Public Safety	Public Works	Culture &	Community Development	Miscellaneous	Liquor
General Fund	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	
				1	•		
Special Revenue Funds							
Police Forfeiture		Х					
Tax Increment							
Financing	Х						
Dalat Canadas Francis							
<u>Debt Service Funds</u> 2007 Street & Utility					<u> </u>		
Improvements	x						
2012 EDA Lease							
Revenue Bonds	Х						
Capital Projects Funds			1	ı	T		
Capital Projects		Х	Х	Х			
Fire Truck							
Replacement		Х					
Street Improvements			Х				
Trunk Utility			X				
Watermain Looping			Х				
Park Development				Х			
Gambling		Χ					
Proprietary Funds							
Water			Х				
Sewer			Х				
Liquor							х





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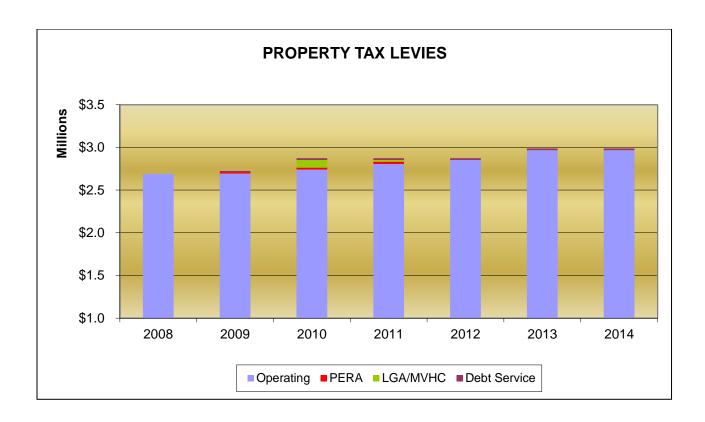
REVENUE SOURCES

The City is dependent on the resources that generate revenue to provide for the different services that our residents receive. This dependency is the limiting factor on what services can be provided. These services range from the basic services of public safety and road maintenance to services enhancing the quality of life such as parks and community events. Our resources to generate revenues are affected by a number of factors, including City, State and Federal laws, rates, demographics, and economic conditions. The following provides a summary of the different revenue sources.

Taxes - \$2,991,300 (32.9%)

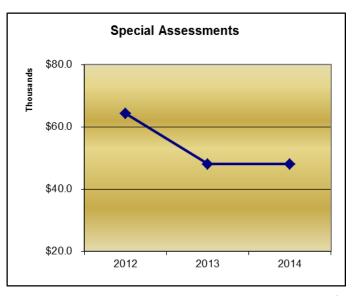
Tax revenues consist of property taxes (current and delinquent), tax increments and penalties and interest. This revenue source is primarily used in the General Fund and is set at a level to raise adequate revenue for the operating budget when combined with other expected revenues. The final level of expected revenue should be sufficient to conduct City business in accordance with Council policy and directives and result in a projected year-end fund balance to cover possible emergencies and contingencies. Levy limits are reinstated for taxes payable for 2014. The Minnesota State Legislature eliminated the Market Value Credit Program for 2012 and replaced it with the Market Value Exclusion Program which continues in 2014.

The City relies on property taxes for 73% of the total General Fund revenues, supporting such functions as public safety, public works, and general government. There was a zero percent increase in the levy for 2014.



Special Assessments - \$48,000 (0.5%)

A portion of the costs for public improvements is recovered by assessment charges to the benefiting property owners. These collections are used to pay bond principal and interest on the outstanding improvements bonds or to reimburse the City if no bonds were issued. Property owners have the option of paying the assessment in full or spreading the assessment over a 10, 15 or 20-year payback period depending on the type of improvement. Special assessment revenue also includes charges against property for the collection of delinquent utility bills or miscellaneous charges. The budget is based on current payment schedules and a review of upcoming projects and outstanding balances.

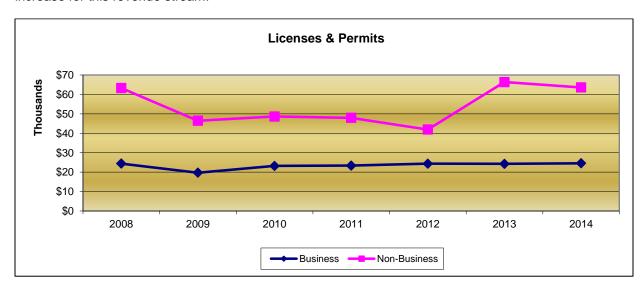


Special assessment collections for 2014 will be the same as the 2013 budget based on an analysis of new rolls, scheduled installments and historical collection rates.

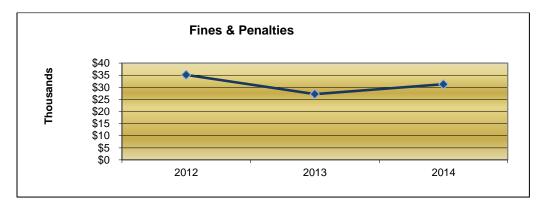
Licenses and Permits - \$89,756 (1.0%)

This revenue source is found only in the General Fund. It primarily consists of liquor license fees, building permit fees, and animal licenses. These revenues are based on a review of the prior three years actuals, changes in economic conditions, City determined license rates, State regulated rates, and the Uniform Building Code.

These fees are normally charged as a means of recovering the cost of regulation in the interest of the overall community. Business license fees are required to be paid annually in order to operate a business within the City. Liquor license fees account for most of the revenue in this category. Non-business license and permit fees are levied to finance the cost of inspecting and regulating new construction and to cover a portion of the administrative costs associated with monitoring activities. Building permit fees generate most of the revenue in this category and have been the major factor in the increase for this revenue stream.



Fines and Penalties - \$31,290 (0.3%)



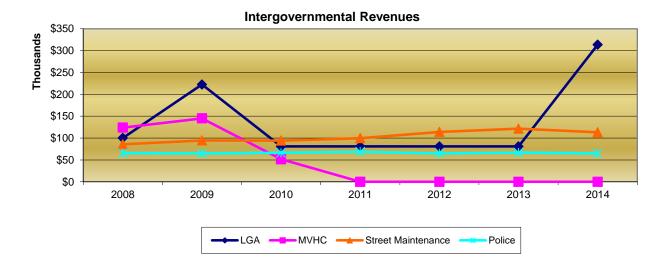
Fines and penalties consist of the City's share of fines collected by the County for court actions, animal impound fees, and revenue from drug forfeiture proceeds. The budget is based on a review of the prior three years actuals.

The fluctuations in this category are mainly caused by drug forfeiture proceeds. The revenue from drug forfeitures is dependent on crime in the city. We do not budget for drug forfeiture revenue as it is very unpredictable.

Intergovernmental - \$534,239 (5.9%)

This represents monies from other governments in the form of grants, entitlements, and shared revenues. In prior years this revenue source was comprised primarily of state aid in the form of the Market Value Homestead Credit (MVHC) and Local Government Aid (LGA). The state increased the amount allocated to LGA in 2014. The city is going to receive \$313,420 in 2014. This is an increase of \$232,491. Other items represented in this revenue source are Police and Fire State Aid, Community Development Block Grants and State Street Aid.

Items that account for most of these revenues on a consistent basis are local government aid, state market value homestead credit, state street maintenance aid and state police aid.



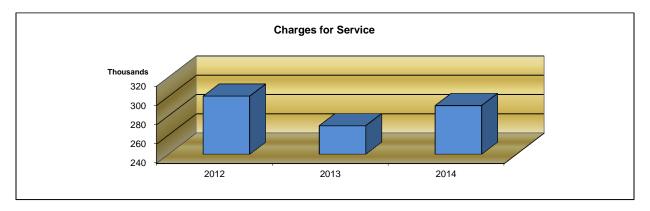
Charges for Services - \$290,642 (3.2%)

Charges for services comes from a variety of sources such as police contracts with the school district and a neighboring city, plan reviews, recycling revenue, special event fees, and administrative charges between funds.

The police contract with the school district has been adjusted over the past few years and the City now provides less staff hours for a reduced fee. For the 2013-2014 school year, the contract stayed the same at 1 officer. The revenue under this contract has been as follows:

2010	\$116,379
2011	\$122,880
2012	\$103,650
2013	\$60,463
2014 Budget	\$60,888

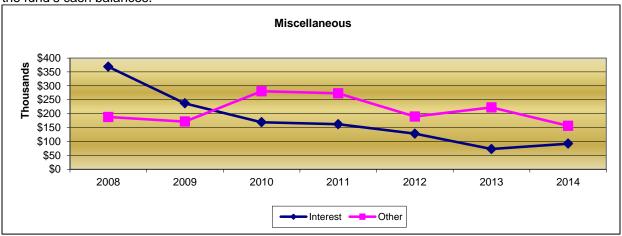
In 2012, the city also entered into a contract with a neighboring city to provide building inspection services. This is budgeted in 2014 to bring in \$37,000.



Miscellaneous - \$252,702 (2.8%)

Miscellaneous revenues include investment earnings, park dedication fees, donations, cable franchise fees, sale of property, and antenna lease agreements. They are based on a review of the prior three years actuals.

Interest revenue is earned on the investment of City funds. Most cash in the City is pooled for investment purposes. Interest is allocated to funds on a monthly basis based on the change in each of the fund's cash balances.



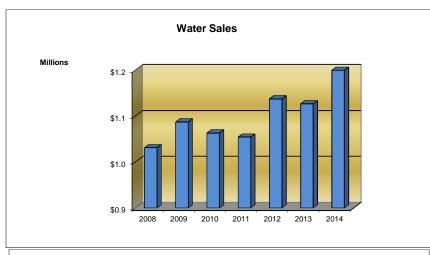
Sales - Water, Sewer, Liquor - \$4,187,500 (46.1%)

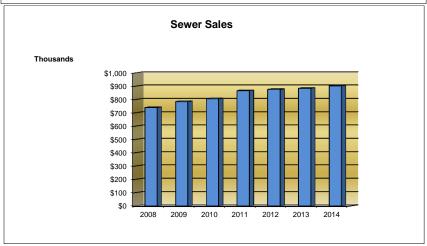
This represents water and sewer usage charges and sales made by our municipal liquor store. Rate studies and forecasts are reviewed to determine user charges.

The Water, Sewer and Municipal Liquor Funds are enterprise funds of the City. The funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the City is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

The history for the monthly water and sewer bill on a residential household that uses 6,000 gallons per month would be:

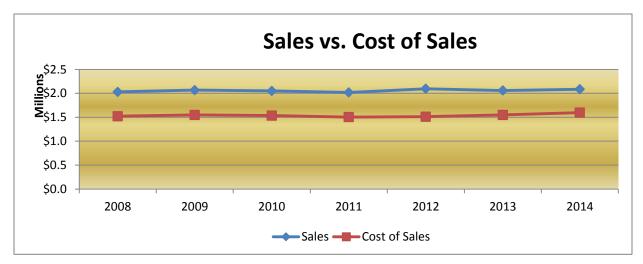
	<u>Water</u>	<u>Sewer</u>
2006	\$28.00	\$22.00
2007	\$32.00	\$26.00
2008	\$33.03	\$33.00
2009	\$35.13	\$35.10
2010	\$35.73	\$37.20
2011	\$36.58	\$39.55
2012	\$36.58	\$39.55
2013	\$36.58	\$39.55
2014	\$39.78	\$41.90





St. Francis Municipal Liquor Store Sales Analysis

Percent of Sales	2011		2012	2012 20		13 2		
Liquor	656,175	31.5%	692,430	33.2%	686,979	33.0%	680,000	32.6%
Beer	1,075,743	51.6%	1,103,578	52.9%	1,082,628	51.9%	1,100,000	52.8%
Wine	183,453	8.8%	196,181	9.4%	197,266	9.5%	200,000	9.6%
Miscellaneous	56,250	2.7%	58,443	2.8%	50,405	2.4%	58,000	2.8%
Tobacco	46,063	2.2%	44,244	2.1%	40,705	2.0%	46,500	2.2%
Total Sales	2,017,684		2,094,876		2,057,983		2,084,500	



Connection Fees - \$0 (0.0%)

Water and sewer connection charges are due when new hookups are added to the City's system from either new construction or additions to current property. The fee per connection is set by the City. This category also contains payments from developers for their portion of infrastructure costs when putting in a new development. Connection fees are not budgeted for because of their unpredictability.

Debt Proceeds - \$0 (0.0%)

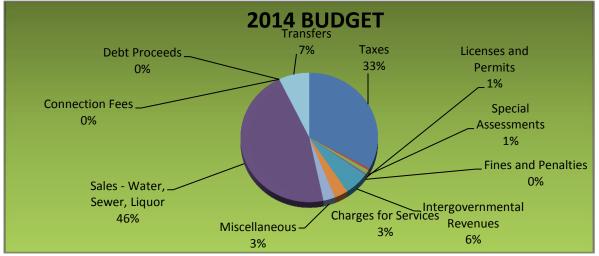
This Other Financing Source represents the funds received when issuing debt to pay for infrastructure or other capital items. None are projected for 2014

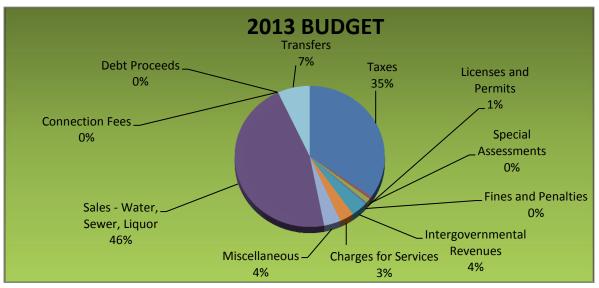
Transfers and Contributions of Assets - \$654,880 (7.2%)

Transfers in are not an outside revenue source, but instead reflect amounts transferred between City Funds. These transfers may be utilized as a means to fund projects or debt service from multiple sources. The largest components of transfers in are to cover capital equipment or projects.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA ALL FUNDS REVENUE SOURCES AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL

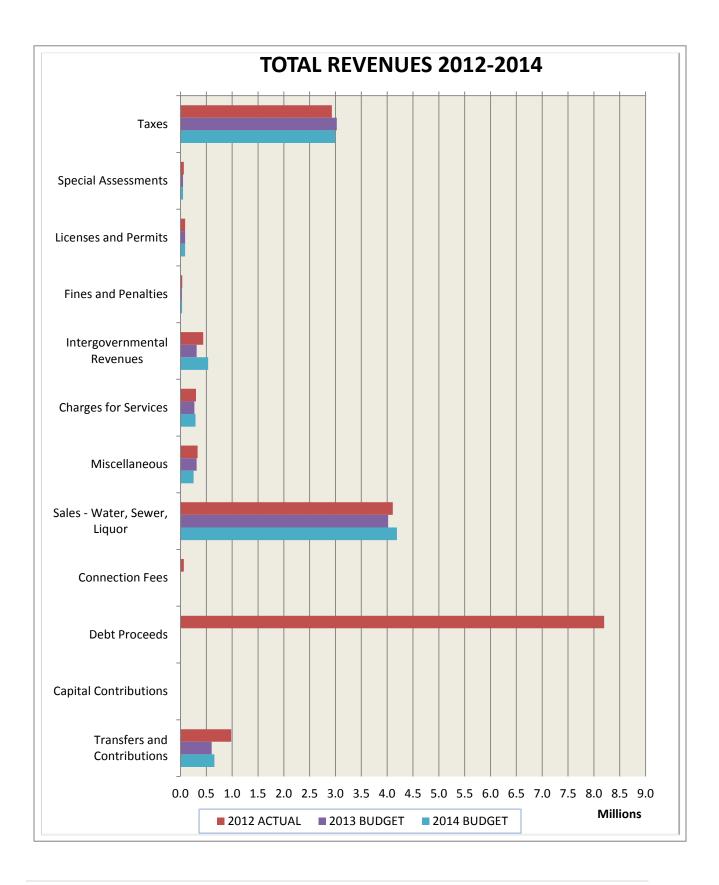
		2013	PERCENT	2014	PERCENT
Total by Source	BUDGET		OF TOTAL	BUDGET	OF TOTAL
Taxes	\$	3,026,300	34.7%	2,991,300	32.9%
Special Assessments		48,000	0.6%	48,000	0.5%
Licenses and Permits		90,668	1.0%	89,756	1.0%
Fines and Penalties		27,230	0.3%	31,290	0.3%
Intergovernmental Revenues		311,071	3.6%	534,239	5.9%
Charges for Services		269,733	3.1%	290,642	3.2%
Miscellaneous		312,727	3.6%	252,702	2.8%
Sales - Water, Sewer, Liquor		4,018,500	46.1%	4,187,500	46.1%
Connection Fees		-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Debt Proceeds		-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Transfers		604,880	6.9%	654,880	7.2%
Totals		\$8,709,109	100.0%	\$9,080,309	100.0%





CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA ALL FUNDS REVENUE SUMMARY

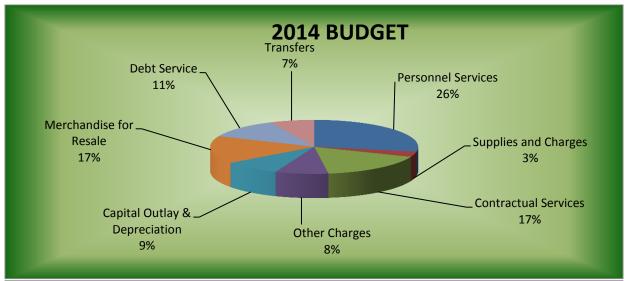
				PERCENT
	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Total by Source	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Taxes	\$2,929,782	\$3,026,300	\$2,991,300	-1.2%
Special Assessments	64,370	48,000	48,000	0.0%
Licenses and Permits	89,299	90,668	89,756	-1.0%
Fines and Penalties	35,166	27,230	31,290	14.9%
Intergovernmental Revenues	440,823	311,071	534,239	71.7%
Charges for Services	300,359	269,733	290,642	7.8%
Miscellaneous	330,182	312,727	252,702	-19.2%
Sales - Water, Sewer, Liquor	4,108,340	4,018,500	4,187,500	4.2%
Connection Fees	66,000	-	-	N/A
Debt Proceeds	8,200,000	-	-	N/A
Capital Contributions	-	_	-	N/A
Transfers and Contributions	981,795	604,880	654,880	8.3%
Totals	\$ 17,546,116	\$ 8,709,109	\$ 9,080,309	4.3%
Total By Fund				
Operating Budget:				
General Fund	\$ 3,865,784	\$ 3,924,729	\$ 4,125,329	5.1%
Community Dev Block Grant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	N/A
Park Improvements	128,244	2,500	2,500	0.0%
Police Forfeiture Fund	, -	, -	, -	N/A
Gambling Fund	2,373	10,000	10,000	
Turtle Ridge TIF Fund	15,326	15,200	15,200	0.0%
Water Fund	1,221,621	1,158,000	1,230,000	6.2%
Sanitary Sewer Fund	949,942	911,000	926,000	1.6%
Municipal Liquor Fund	2,107,661	2,050,500	2,096,500	2.2%
		, ,	, ,	
Total Operating Budget	\$ 8,290,951	\$ 8,071,929	\$ 8,405,529	4.1%
Capital Improvements Budget:				
Capital Equipment	\$ 8,231,961	\$ 16,000	\$ 3,000	-81.3%
Fire Truck Replacement	43,837	5,000	54,000	980.0%
Creekview Estates	14,156	12,000	12,000	0.0%
Ivywood Street & 230th Lane	17,855	12,000	12,000	0.0%
Trywood Street & 230th Lane	17,000	12,000	12,000	0.078
Total Capital Budget	\$ 8,307,809	\$ 45,000	\$ 81,000	80.0%
Debt Service Budget:				
Debt Service Fund	\$ 54,548	\$ 86,380	\$ 85,780	-0.7%
EDA Lease Revenue Bonds	892,808	505,800	508,000	0.4%
LDA Lease Nevellue Dollus	092,000	303,000	300,000	U. 4 /0
	\$ 947,356	\$ 592,180	\$ 593,780	0.3%
Totals	\$ 17,546,116	\$ 8,709,109	\$ 9,080,309	4.3%

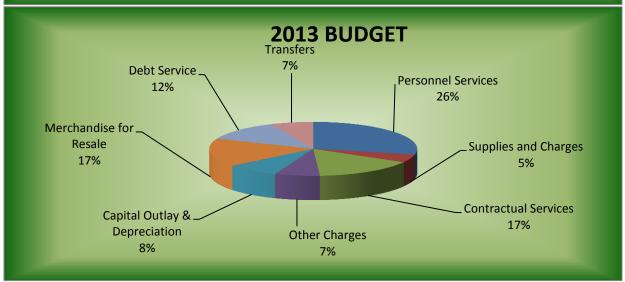


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CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA ALL FUNDS EXPENDITURE CLASSIFICATIONS AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL

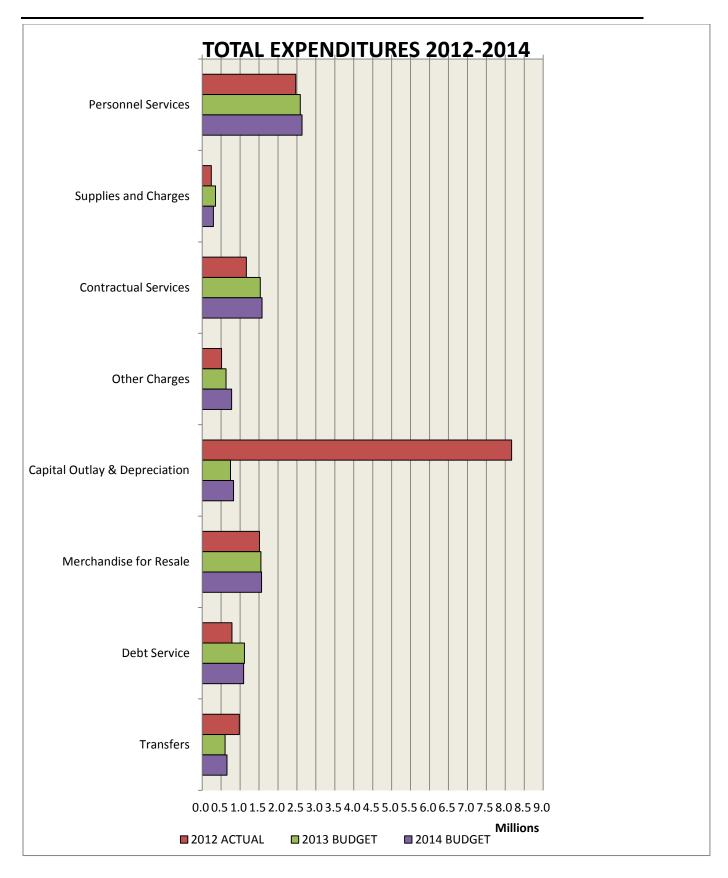
	2013	PERCENT	2014	PERCENT
Total By Classification	BUDGET	OF TOTAL	BUDGET	OF TOTAL
Personnel Services	\$2,590,410	28.4%	\$2,633,985	27.9%
Supplies and Charges	\$350,180	3.8%	\$296,669	3.1%
Contractual Services	\$1,531,594	16.8%	\$1,578,526	16.7%
Other Charges	\$627,235	6.9%	\$775,650	8.2%
Capital Outlay & Depreciation	\$746,840	8.2%	\$829,051	8.8%
Merchandise for Resale	\$1,548,000	17.0%	\$1,568,000	16.6%
Debt Service	\$1,114,210	12.2%	\$1,093,232	11.6%
Transfers	\$604,880	6.6%	\$654,880	6.9%
Totals	\$9,113,349	100.0%	\$9,429,993	100.0%





CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA ALL FUNDS EXPENDITURE SUMMARY

		EXPENDITUR	E SUIV	IMARY			
	2	012 ACTUAL	201	13 BUDGET	20)14 BUDGET	% CHANGE
Total by Department							
City Council	\$	27,239	\$	34,090	\$	32,820	-3.7%
Charter		57		1,510		1,510	0.0%
Administration		405,812		414,830		426,300	2.8%
Elections		46		10,040		7,790	-22.4%
Finance		103,374		125,190		133,650	6.8%
Legal		88,041		120,100		120,530	0.4%
Government Buildings		28,366		30,595		25,050	-18.1%
Police		1,609,554		1,631,590		1,574,859	-3.5%
Fire		416,959		273,762		411,089	50.2%
Streets		612,093		824,800		808,110	-2.0%
Landfill Abatement (Recycling)		38,193		39,460		50,040	26.8%
Community Center		876		3,370		550	-83.7%
Parks		711,453		,		330,350	
				366,790			-9.9%
Planning & Zoning		71,124		84,800		96,650	14.0%
Building Inspections		33,517		84,080		101,050	20.2%
Unallocated/Contingency		3,308		6,100		6,100	0.0%
Tax Increment Financing		14,737		14,600		13,600	-6.8%
Debt Service		560,603		1,067,088		1,047,109	-1.9%
Capital Equipment		7,591,650		-		-	N/A
Water		823,790		1,074,274		1,093,267	1.8%
Sanitary Sewer		757,875		898,807		1,104,919	22.9%
Municipal Liquor		1,933,937		2,007,473		2,044,650	1.9%
Totals	\$	15,832,604	\$	9,113,349	\$	9,429,993	3.5%
Total By Classification							
Personnel Services	\$	2,471,033	\$	2,590,410	\$	2,633,985	1.7%
Supplies and Charges	Ψ	239,472	Ψ	350,180	Ψ	296,669	-15.3%
							3.1%
Contractual Services		1,167,307		1,531,594		1,578,526	
Other Charges		509,872		627,235		775,650	23.7%
Capital Outlay & Depreciation		8,165,765		746,840		829,051	11.0%
Merchandise for Resale		1,511,868		1,548,000		1,568,000	1.3%
Debt Service		785,492		1,114,210		1,093,232	-1.9%
Transfers		981,795		604,880		654,880	8.3%
Totals	\$	15,832,604	\$	9,113,349	\$	9,429,993	3.5%
Total By Fund							
Operating Budget:							
General Fund	\$	3,864,311	\$	4,041,477	\$	4,125,329	2.1%
Park Improvements	·	127,786	·	, , , <u>-</u>	·	, , , <u>-</u>	N/A
Police Forfeiture		2,728		9,630		1,119	-88.4%
Turtle Ridge TIF Fund		14,177		14,600		13,600	-6.8%
Water Fund		1,136,619		1,364,262		1,358,555	-0.4%
Sanitary Sewer Fund		858,682		1,055,255		1,235,049	17.0%
Municipal Liquor Fund		1,943,145		2,007,473		2,044,650	1.9%
Total Operating Budget	Ф	7,947,448	\$	8,492,697	\$	8,778,302	3.4%
	\$	7,947,440	Φ	0,492,097	Φ	0,770,302	3.470
Capital Improvements Budget:	•	7 504 504	•		•		
Capital Equipment	\$	7,591,521	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
Creekview Estates		54		-		-	N/A
Ivywood Street & 230th Lane		75		-		-	N/A
Trunk Utilities Rivers Edge		-		-		-	N/A
Total Capital Budget	\$	7,591,650	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
Debt Service Budget:							
Debt Service Fund	\$	103,328	\$	100,607	\$	102,908	2.3%
EDA Lease Revenue bonds	*	190,178	*	520,045	*	548,783	5.5%
Total Debt Service	\$	293,506	\$	620,652	\$	651,691	5.0%
Totals	\$	15,832,604	\$	9,113,349	\$	9,429,993	3.5%
iolaio	Ψ	10,002,007	Ψ	5,115,543	Ψ	0,720,000	0.0 /0



CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA ALL FUNDS BUDGETED CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/RETAINED EARNINGS

					NET	OTHER				
	BA	ALANCE			INC	REASES			BA	ALANCE
Total By Fund	0.	1-01-14	RE\	VENUES	(DEC	REASES)	EXPE	NDITURES	1:	2-31-14
Operating Budget:										
General	\$	2,077,689	\$	4,065,329	\$	(330,000)	\$	3,735,329	\$	2,077,689
Police Forfeiture		1,119		-		-		1,119		-
Turtle Ridge TIF		19,045		15,200		-		13,600		20,645
Water		5,682,755		1,230,000		(101,080)		1,257,475		5,554,200
Sanitary Sewer		7,530,123		926,000		(103,800)		1,131,249		7,221,074
Municipal Liquor		1,813,977		2,096,500		(60,000)		1,984,650		1,865,827
Total Operating Budget		17,124,708		8,333,029		(594,880)		8,123,422		16,739,435
Capital Improvements Budget:										
Capital Projects/Equipment		167,067		3,000		-		-		170,067
Creekview Estates		(89,300)		12,000		-		-		(77,300)
Fire Truck Replacement		454,020		4,000		50,000		-		508,020
Gambling Fund		12,373		10,000		-		-		22,373
Ivywood St & 230th Lane		(100,766)		12,000		-		-		(88,766)
Park Improvements		154,916		2,500		-		-		157,416
Trunk Utilities Rivers Edge		(520,641)		-		-		-		(520,641)
Watermain Looping		(287,151)		-		-		-		(287,151)
Total Capital Budget		(209,482)		43,500		50,000		<u>-</u>		(115,982)
Debt Service Budget:										
Debt Service		130,738		45,900		39,880		102,908		113,610
EDA Lease Revenue Bonds		689,185		3,000		505,000		548,783		648,402
Total Debt Service Budget _	\$	819,923	\$	48,900	\$	544,880	\$	651,691	\$	762,012
Grand Total	\$	17,735,149	\$	8,425,429	\$	-	\$	8,775,113	\$	17,385,465





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CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA **GENERAL FUND (101)**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

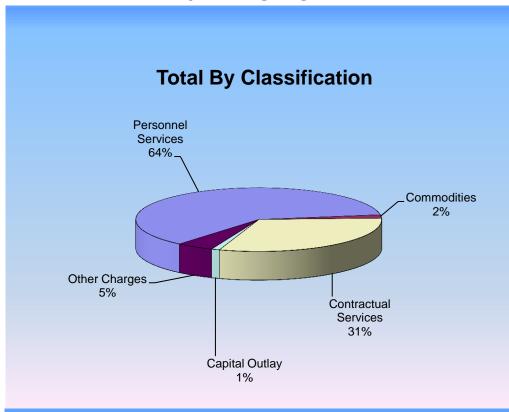
	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Revenues:	TIOTOTIL	DODOLI	LOTINIATE	DODOLI
Property Taxes	\$2,893,540	\$2,990,200	\$2,943,200	\$2,955,200
Licenses and permits	89,299	90,668	76,280	89,756
Fines and forfeits	35,166	27,230	29,800	31,290
Intergovernmental	310,344	311,071	400,572	534,239
Charges for services	297,084	268,733	274,784	289,642
Miscellaneous	180,352	176,827	167,960	165,202
	·	,	•	<u>, </u>
Total revenues	3,805,784	3,864,729	3,892,596	4,065,329
- "				
Expenditures:	050.400	700.055	074 704	7.47.050
General Government	656,189	736,355	671,784	747,650
Public Safety	1,549,421	1,725,722	1,654,317	1,764,829
Public Works	770,543	694,260	698,870	688,150
Culture and Recreation	358,072	370,160	295,140	330,900
Community Development	141,592	168,880	278,880	197,700
Miscellaneous	18,494	6,100	7,402	6,100
Total expenditures	3,494,311	3,701,477	3,606,393	3,735,329
Excess (deficit) of revenues over				
expenditures	311,473	163,252	286,203	330,000
experiultures	311,473	103,232	200,203	330,000
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in (out):				
Municipal Liquor Operations	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	-
Fire Truck Replacement Fund	(40,000)	_	-	-
Debt Service	(330,000)	(340,000)	(340,000)	(390,000)
		, ,	, ,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(310,000)	(280,000)	(280,000)	(330,000)
Net change in fund balance	1,473	(116,748)	6,203	0
3	, -	(-, -,	-,	
Fund balance - January 1	2,070,013	1,867,338	2,071,486	2,077,689
Fund balance - December 31	\$2,071,486	\$1,750,590	\$2,077,689	\$2,077,689
Fund halonge/revenues	E 4 40/	45.00/	FO 40/	E4 40/
Fund balance/revenues	54.4%	45.3% 47.3%	53.4% 57.6%	51.1%
Fund balance/expenditures	59.3% 7.1	47.3% 5.7	57.6% 6.9	55.6% 6.7
Fund balance/# of mths of expenditures	7.1	5.7	0.9	0.7

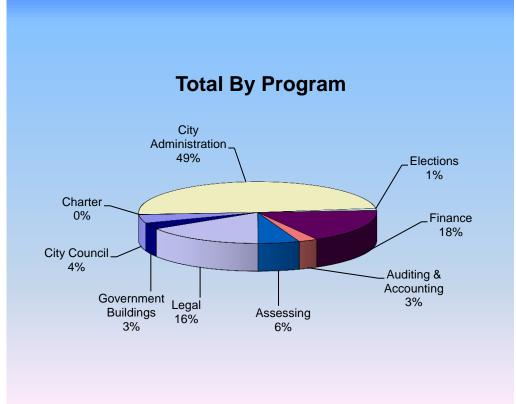
CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES

	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
<u>Taxes</u>				
Current Delinquent Penalties & interest	\$2,830,863 57,015 5,662	\$2,920,000 65,000 5,200	\$2,920,000 20,000 3,200	\$2,920,000 30,000 5,200
	2,893,540	2,990,200	2,943,200	2,955,200
Licenses and Permits				
Business:				
Liquor Amusements Cigarette, Refuse, etc.	25,650 593 2,825	21,400 630 2,250	21,400 600 2,800	21,400 640 2,542
Non-business:				
Building Plumbing Mechanical Surcharge - Permits Fireplace Septic Animal Licenses Misc Permits	48,099 685 8,349 232 - 375 792 1,700	58,930 1,852 2,650 106 290 1,650 630 280	40,000 1,600 4,200 100 - 1,650 1,030 2,900	55,821 1,558 4,545 100 160 1,580 670 740
	89,300	90,668	76,280	89,756
Fines and Penalties	00,000	20,000	70,200	00,100
Court fines Animal impound fees	32,146 3,020	25,000 2,230	28,000 1,800	29,000 2,290
	35,166	27,230	29,800	31,290
Intergovernmental Revenue				
PERA rate increase Local government aid Homestead credit Manufactured home homestead	1,971 80,929 4,394	1,971 80,929 -	1,971 80,929 -	1,971 313,420 -
credit Police grants Street maintenance aid Fire aid Police aid DNR state aid	15,934 113,957 23,834 64,725 - 4,600	17,681 121,460 22,509 66,521	15,000 113,303 35,197 72,384 - 6,273	17,058 113,000 24,065 64,725
Other Fire grants/aid Local government grants and aid	-	-	75,515	-
	310,344	311,071	400,572	534,239

Charges for Service				
General Government:				
Maps, fax, copies, notary fees Assessment search fees Refuse collection charges Administrative charges	71 300 3,767 137,479	122 160 4,551 144,353	30 40 4,361 144,353	84 230 4,240 151,571
Public Safety:				
ISD #15 contract Accident reports Special event pay Lock out fees Fire Department charges	103,651 371 4,836 1,025 2,482	62,631 256 5,961 1,379	60,000 160 2,040 1,005 550	60,888 306 4,000 1,179 500
Public Works:				
WCA Block Grant Highways and street charges	403	750	400	750
Community Development:				
Inspection contract Zoning and subdivision fees Plan check fees Economic development	19,358 4,350 18,990 297,083	22,000 2,215 24,355 - 268,733	39,000 6,845 16,000 -	37,000 3,980 24,914 - 289,642
Minnellander Develop	291,000	200,733	214,104	203,042
Miscellaneous Revenue				
Rentals, leases Landfill abatement Miscellaneous revenues Interest on investments Community Center rental Donations & contributions Pioneer Day Revenues	43,955 20,872 21,566 16,189 1,180 - 21,780	43,836 17,201 16,688 32,205 970 - 18,400	47,600 20,000 19,020 16,000 480 300 11,260	46,440 33,186 16,803 18,000 1,000
Cable TV revenues	24,768	19,527	26,000	21,773
Sale of property	30,041	28,000	27,300	28,000
- -	180,351	176,827	167,960	165,202
TOTAL REVENUES	3,805,784	3,864,729	3,892,596	4,065,329

GENERAL GOVERNMENT 2014 BUDGET

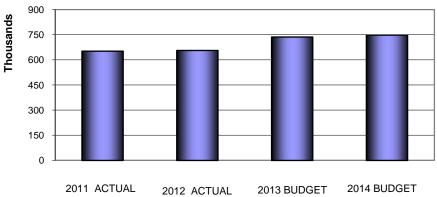




CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUMMARY EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	PERCENT OVER(UNDER)
Total By Program	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
City Council	\$27,239	\$25,812	\$34,090	\$32,820	-3.7%
Charter	57	138	1,510	1,510	0.0%
City Administration	347,212	342,470	354,790	364,800	2.8%
Elections	46	4,978	10,040	7,790	-22.4%
Finance	103,374	108,447	125,190	133,650	6.8%
Auditing & Accounting	18,133	19,018	19,010	19,500	2.6%
Assessing	39,465	39,266	41,030	42,000	2.4%
Legal	88,041	90,834	120,100	120,530	0.4%
Government Buildings	28,366	25,227	30,595	25,050	-18.1%
Totals	651,933	656,189	736,355	747,650	1.5%
Total By Classification					
Personnel Services	404,771	429,371	444,710	459,770	3.4%
Commodities	15,458	9,155	15,400	13,000	-15.6%
Contractual Services	192,583	191,182	226,110	230,430	1.9%
Capital Outlay	0	0	16,000	8,000	-50.0%
Other Charges	39,121	26,482	34,135	36,450	6.8%
Totals	651,933	656,189	736,355	747,650	1.5%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	

Expenditures



Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: City Council Cost Center: 41110

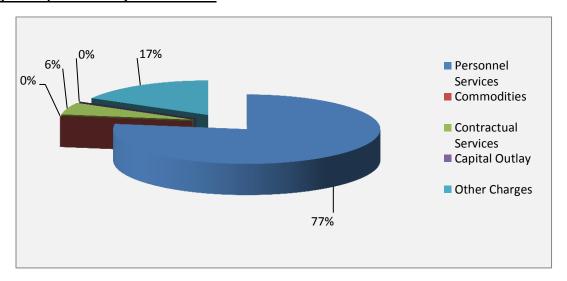
Program Description

The Council provides the legislative and policy making activities of the City for the health, safety and welfare of the community. It exercises budgetary control through the adoption of the annual budget, and approval of claims against the City treasury. The Council also annually adopts a five year capital improvement plan identifying the City's infrastructure needs, appoints various citizen committees to render advice on legislative and city issues, and responds to constituent concerns and question by working with City administration to address community service issues.

Program Expenditure Highlights

A large portion of Other Charges is allocated to training and travel.

Program Expenditures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services Commodities Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Charges	\$ 22,411 - 662 - 4,166	\$ 23,169 - 1,561 - 1,082	\$ 27,290 - 1,250 - 5,550	\$ 25,420 - 1,850 - 5,550	-6.9% N/A 48.0% N/A 0.0%
Total	\$ 27,239	\$ 25,812	\$ 34,090	\$ 32,820	-3.7%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	Council cons	ists of one Ma	yor and four C	ouncil Membe	rs.



Performance Measures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 ACTUAL	2014 BUDGET
Council meetings	24	24	24	24
Special meetings	2	1	1	0
Special workshops	1	1	2	5
Town Hall meetings	1	1	0	1

Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Charter Commission Cost Center: 41120

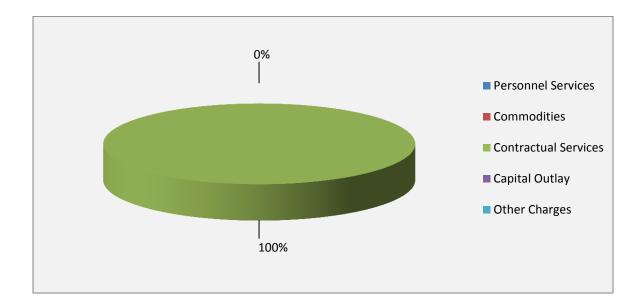
Program Description

The City operates under a Home Rule Charter. This budget, when used, is mainly for legal advice and publishing requirements.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Charter amendments are brought up as needed.

Program Expenditures	 011 TUAL	2012 ACTUAL		2013 BUDGET		2014 BUDGET		PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services Commodities Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Charges	\$ - - 57 -	\$	- - 138 - -	\$	- - 1,510 - -	\$	- - 1,510 - -	N/A N/A 0.0% N/A N/A
Total	\$ 57	\$	138	\$	1,510	\$	1,510	0.0%



Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: City Administration Cost Center: 41400

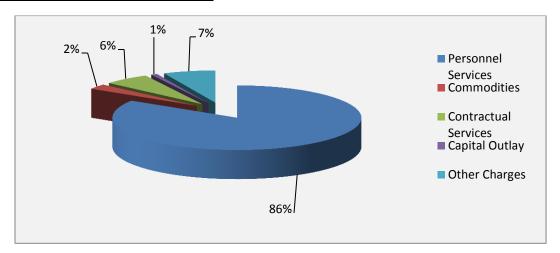
Program Description

This program provides for the administration of City Government within the guidelines and policies established by the City Council. Responsibilities include directing the administration of City affairs and enforcing laws, City ordinances and resolutions as adopted by the governing body. The City Administrator and City Clerk are accounted for in this program.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Capital Outlay is for the on-going computer needs.

Program Expenditures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ 283.100	\$ 299.247	\$ 300,480	\$ 305.900	1.8%
Commodities	14,196	7,281	12,100	9,300	-23.1%
Contractual Services	18,171	16,167	15,400	21,900	42.2%
Capital Outlay	· <u>-</u>	-	3,000	3,000	0.0%
Other Charges	31,745	19,775	23,810	24,700	3.7%
Tatal		Ф 242 4 7 0	¢ 254 700	Ф 204 000	2.00/
Total	\$ 347,212	\$ 342,470	\$ 354,790	\$ 364,800	2.8%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	4.00	4.00	3.50	3.50	0.0%



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Staff meetings held	52	52	52	52
Number of resolutions	48	46	44	40
Number of ordinances	10	20	10	12
Licenses issued	34	34	29	30

Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Elections Cost Center: 41410

Program Description

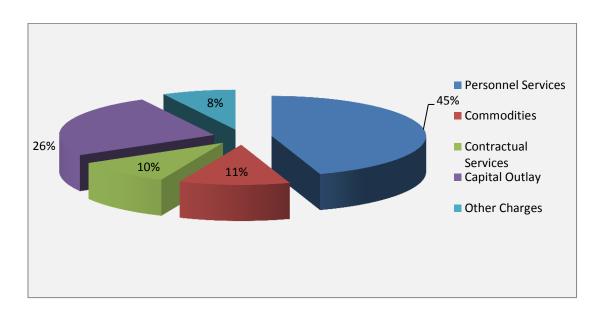
Conduct national, state and local elections in accordance with statutory requirements. The City does not provide for elections associated with Independent School District #15.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Elections are normally held on even numbered years.

PERCENT 2011 2012 2013 2014 OVER(UNDER) **Program Expenditures ACTUAL ACTUAL BUDGET BUDGET** 2013 BUDGET \$ Personnel Services \$ 2,974 \$ \$ 3,500 N/A Commodities 747 900 N/A **Contractual Services** 46 700 40 790 1875.0% Capital Outlay 10,000 2,000 -80.0% Other Charges 600 N/A 557 Total \$ 46 \$ 4,978 10,040 \$ 7,790 -22.4%

Full-Time Equivalent positions
Election judges are paid based on the number of hours they work.



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Number of registered voters	N/A	4,743	N/A	4,500
Number of votes cast	N/A	3,673	N/A	3,700
Number of precincts	N/A	3	N/A	3
Number of voting locations	N/A	2	N/A	2

Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Finance Cost Center: 41500

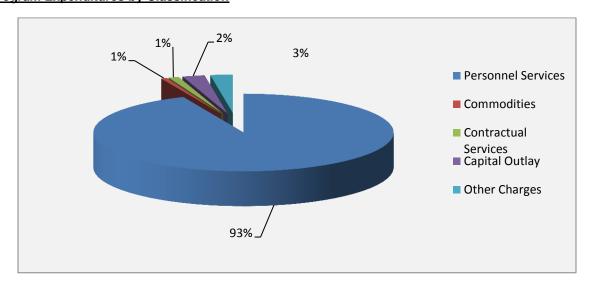
Program Description

This program is responsible for administration of the City's financial affairs. This includes maintaining accounting records for all operations, investment of funds, supervision of revenue collection, disbursements of city monies, debt administration, payroll, audit and budget preparation, and risk management.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Capital Outlay is for on-going computer needs.

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Program Expenditures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ 99,260	\$103,982	\$116,940	\$124,950	6.8%
Commodities	961	543	800	800	0.0%
Contractual Services	1,286	1,247	1,400	1,400	0.0%
Capital Outlay	-	-	3,000	3,000	0.0%
Other Charges	1,867	2,675	3,050	3,500	14.8%
_					
Total	\$103,374	\$108,447	\$125,190	\$133,650	6.8%
•					
Full-Time Equivalent positions	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.0%



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Number of invoices paid Number of payroll direct deposits Number of receipts processed Number of wires/ACH transactions	5,319 1,259 1,011 247	5,461 1,245 1,266 341	5,304 1,230 154 382	5,300 1,240 950 290

Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Auditing and Accounting Cost Center: 41540

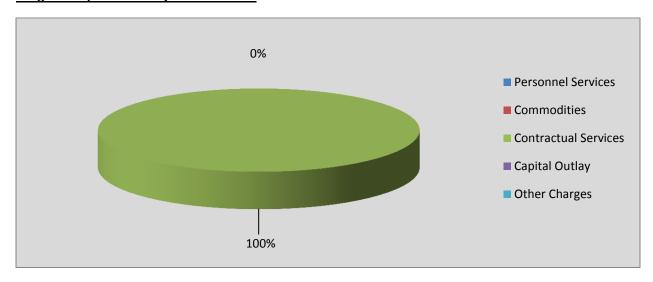
Program Description

This program accounts for costs associated with the annual audit of the City, our financial accounting software, and administration of our benefit services.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Audit costs are expected to stay relatively the same.

Program Expenditures	_	D11 FUAL	2012 ACTUAL		2013 BUDGET		2014 BUDGET		PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
Commodities	4.0	-	40	-		-		-	N/A
Contractual Services	18	3,133	19	,018	19	19,010 19,500		,	2.6%
Capital Outlay Other Charges		-	-			-		-	N/A N/A
Other Ondryoo									1 4/7 (
Total	\$ 18	3,133	\$ 19	,018	\$ 19	,010	\$ 19	9,500	2.6%



Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Assessing Cost Center: 41550

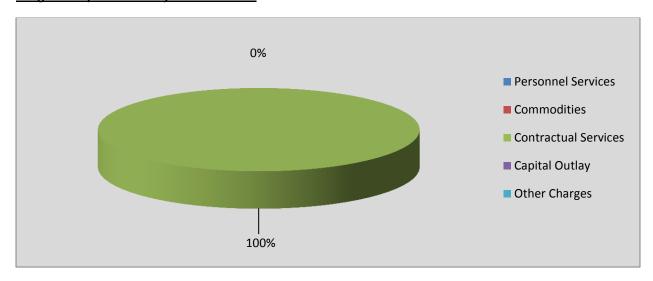
Program Description

Assessing is responsible for classifying, valuing and equalizing all taxable and exempt property within City limits. The City contracts with Anoka County for this service.

Program Expenditure Highlights

The costs for this program remain fairly flat.

Program Expenditures	2011 ACTUAL				2013 BUDGET		_	14 GET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services Commodities Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Charges	\$ 39	- - ,465 - -	\$	- - 0,266 - -	\$ 41	- ,030 - -	\$ 42	- - 2,000 - -	N/A N/A 2.4% N/A N/A
Total	\$ 39	,465	\$ 39	,266	\$ 41	,030	\$ 42	2,000	2.4%



Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Legal Cost Center: 41600

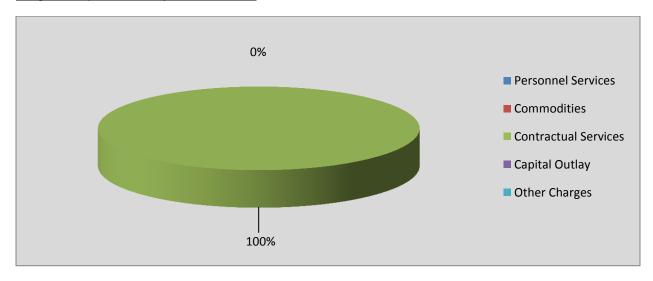
Program Description

The City Attorney provides City Council and staff with research and support on issues of a legal matter. The City Attorney also serves as the chief prosecuting attorney for the City, attends Council meetings, and serves in an advisory capacity to all City departments on matters coming before the City Council.

Program Expenditure Highlights

The city anticipates a small change from 2013 to 2014.

Program Expenditures	_	011 TUAL	_	012 TUAL)13)GET		014 DGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET	
Personnel Services Commodities Contractual Services Capital Outlay	\$ 88	- - 3,041 -	\$ 90	- -),834 -	\$ 120	- - ,100 -	\$ 120	- -),530 -	N/A N/A 0.4% N/A	
Other Charges Total	\$ 88	- 3,041	\$ 90),834	\$120	,100	\$120	-),530	N/A 0.4%	_



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Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Government Buildings Cost Center: 41940

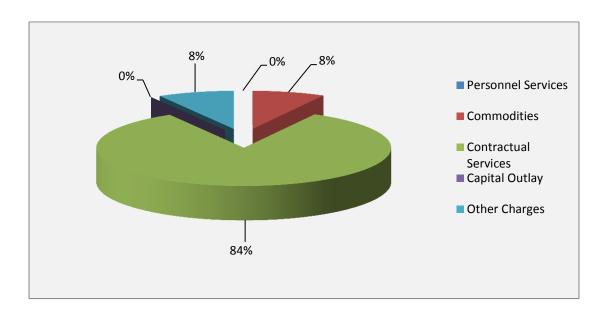
Program Description

Provide for a clean, well-maintained and comfortable environment for building users of City Hall.

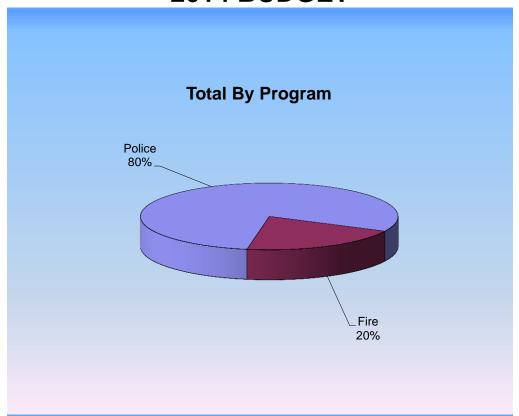
Program Expenditure Highlights

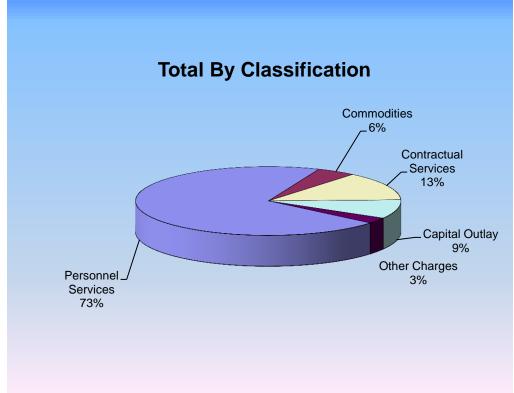
The city has seen a decrease in janitorial services and electric costs are scheduled to rise.

	0044	0040	2040	0044	PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Program Expenditures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A
Commodities	301	582	2,500	2,000	-20.0%
Contractual Services	26,722	22,251	26,370	20,950	-20.6%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	N/A
Other Charges	1,343	2,394	1,725	2,100	21.7%
Total	\$ 28,366	\$ 25,227	\$ 30,595	\$ 25,050	-18.1%



PUBLIC SAFETY 2014 BUDGET

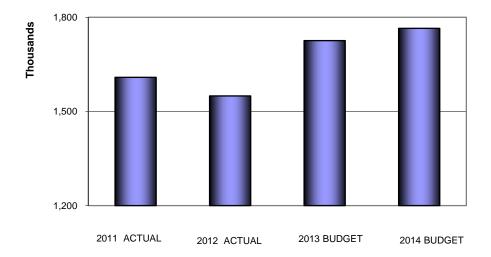




CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA PUBLIC SAFETY SUMMARY

Total By Program	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Police	\$1,291,729	\$1,277,731	\$1,451,960	\$1,403,740	-3.3%
Fire	316,959	271,690	273,762	361,089	31.9%
Totals	1,608,688	1,549,421	1,725,722	1,764,829	2.3%
Total By Classification					
Personnel Services	1,175,550	1,173,591	1,213,260	1,237,465	2.0%
Commodities	69,688	72,376	117,500	84,000	-28.5%
Contractual Services	188,748	202,028	232,440	238,240	2.5%
Capital Outlay	131,394	65,857	99,022	156,524	58.1%
Other Charges	43,308	35,569	63,500	48,600	-23.5%
Totals	1,608,688	1,549,421	1,725,722	1,764,829	2.3%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	

Expenditures



Department: Public Safety Fund: 101
Program: Police Cost Center: 42110

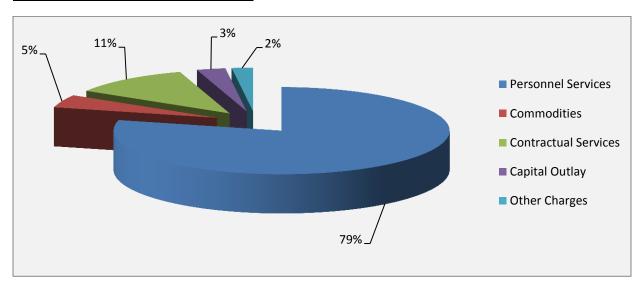
Program Description

Enforce state laws and city ordinances as directed to provide the public with law enforcement services in the areas of patrol, investigation, school liaison, crime prevention and traffic control. Animal control is also accounted for in this program.

Program Expenditure Highlights

The decrease in Capital Outlay is one car is scheduled to be purchased. Commodities went down for fuel costs.

Program Expenditures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ 1,053,030	\$ 1,059,950	\$ 1,085,820	\$ 1.107.600	2.0%
Commodities	48,644	53,251	94,000	67,000	-28.7%
Contractual Services	112,679	116,231	162,740	161,640	-0.7%
Capital Outlay	59,560	28,533	65,900	39,000	-40.8%
Other Charges	17,816	19,766	43,500	28,500	-34.5%
Total	\$ 1,291,729	\$ 1,277,731	\$ 1,451,960	\$ 1,403,740	-3.3%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	0.0%



Performance Measures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 ACTUAL	2014 PROJECTED
Total calls for service	4,859	5,419	4,990	6,500
Citations issued	695	900	640	1,100
Chargeable offenses (Parts 1 & 2)	735	998	700	1,200
Miscellaneous offenses (Parts 3 & 4)	4,124	4,421	4,290	4,600

Department: Public Safety Fund: 101
Program: Fire Cost Center: 42210

Program Description

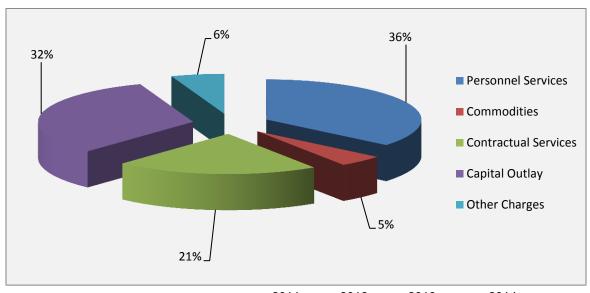
Responds to all fire and emergency medical incidents in the City. Paid on-call firefighters are alerted to an incident via a pager dispatched through the Anoka County Central Communications System. The fire department is responsible for performing new building plan reviews and existing building inspections to ensure compliance with State and Federal Fire Codes and Standards.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Personnel Services are tied to the number of calls the volunteer firefighters respond to.

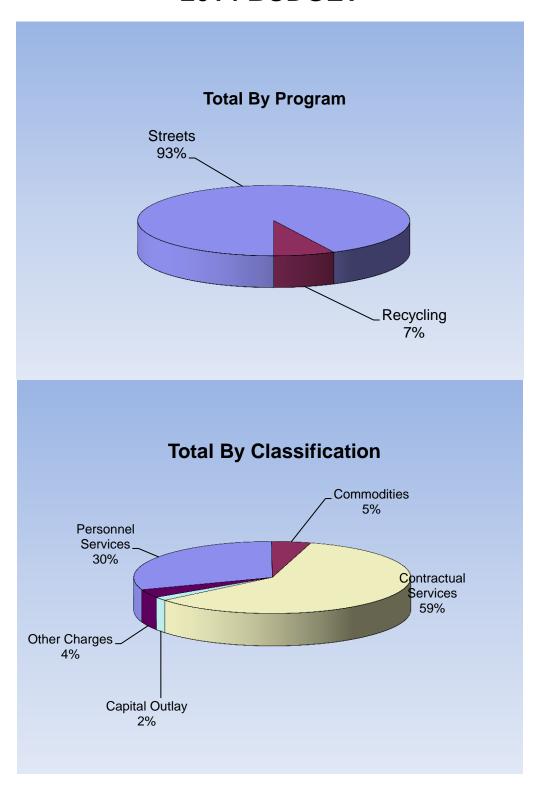
					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Program Expenditures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$122,520	\$113,641	\$127,440	\$129,865	1.9%
Commodities	21,044	19,124	23,500	17,000	-27.7%
Contractual Services	76,069	85,797	69,700	76,600	9.9%
Capital Outlay	71,834	37,324	33,122	117,524	254.8%
Other Charges	25,492	15,804	20,000	20,100	0.5%
Total	\$316,959	\$271,690	\$273,762	\$361,089	31.9%
		<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>	

Full-Time Equivalent positions Paid on-call fire department.



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	PROJECTED
Total calls	393	415	368	400
Total Calls	393	413	300	400
Emergency medical responses	278	292	287	300

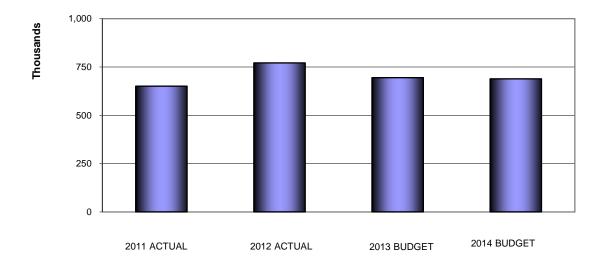
PUBLIC WORKS 2014 BUDGET



CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA PUBLIC WORKS SUMMARY EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Total By Program	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Streets	\$612,093	\$732,064	\$654,800	\$638,110	-2.5%
Recycling	38,193	38,479	39,460	50,040	26.8%
Totals	650,286	770,543	694,260	688,150	-0.9%
Total By Classification					
Personnel Services	195,858	196,972	180,710	209,700	16.0%
Commodities	24,996	34,046	34,550	31,550	-8.7%
Contractual Services	405,775	246,378	451,750	409,850	-9.3%
Capital Outlay	0	265,561	0	11,250	N/A
Other Charges	23,657	27,586	27,250	25,800	-5.3%
Totals	650,286	770,543	694,260	688,150	-0.9%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	2.95	2.65	1.80	2.35	

Expenditures



Department: Public Works Fund: 101
Program: Streets Cost Center: 43100

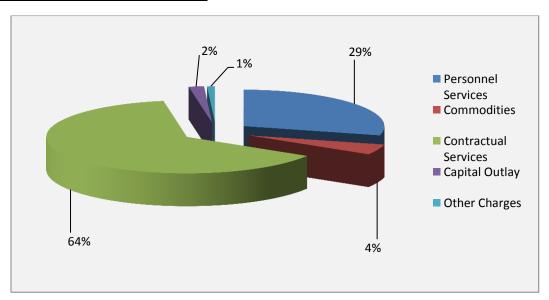
Program Description

Maintains all City streets to minimize deterioration. Maintenance includes seal coating, crack sealing, pothole patching, sweeping, plowing, gravel road maintenance, and repairs of the storm drainage system. This program is also responsible for traffic control devices such as street signs, pavement markings, and guard rails on all City roadways.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Personnel services is being adjusted to more accurately reflect where time is spent. Seal coating has been lowered to \$118,000 for 2014.

Program Expenditures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$173,886	\$187,154	\$167,400	\$185,610	10.9%
Commodities	24,858	18,604	32,450	29,450	-9.2%
Contractual Services	404,003	257,119	447,700	406,000	-9.3%
Capital Outlay	-	265,561	-	11,250	N/A
Other Charges	9,346	3,626	7,250	5,800	-20.0%
Total	\$612,093	\$732,064	\$654,800	\$638,110	-2.5%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	2.55	2.55	1.70	1.95	-33.3%



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	PROJECTED
Asphalt street miles maintained	36	36	36	36
Gravel road miles maintained	11	11	11	11
Street sweeping hours	90	60	73	60
Gravel usage (tons)	3625	4200	872	2000
Sand/salt usage (tons)	368	223	189	180

Department: Public Works Fund: 101
Program: Recycling Cost Center: 43210

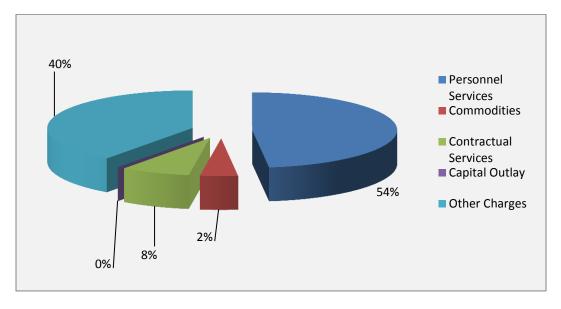
Program Description

This program provides recycling opportunities to all city residents and surrounding areas. The goal is to provide this service in a cost effective manner while ensuring compliance with state rules and regulations.

Program Expenditure Highlights

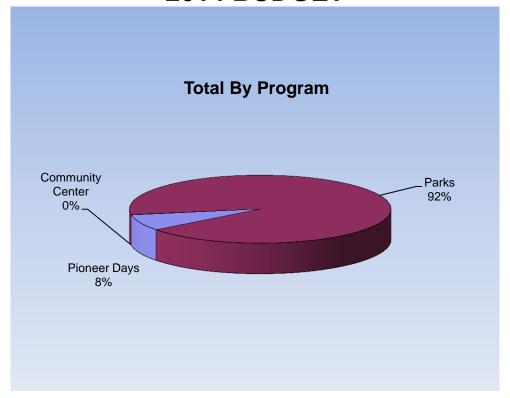
Other charges reflects the costs of recycling days.

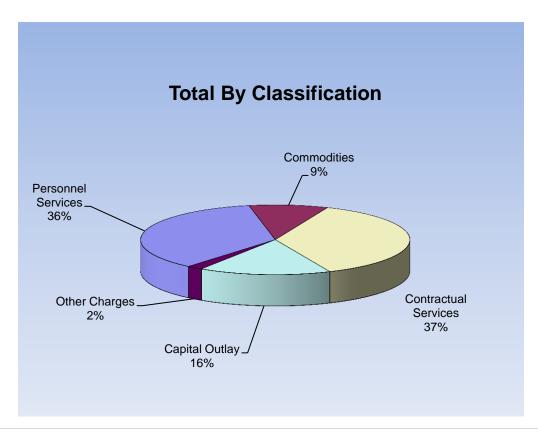
	2011	2012	2013	2014	PERCENT OVER(UNDER)
Program Expenditures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ 21,972	\$ 21,801	\$ 13,310	\$ 24,090	81.0%
Commodities	138	1,644	2,100	2,100	0.0%
Contractual Services	1,772	1,773	4,050	3,850	-4.9%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	N/A
Other Charges	14,311	13,261	20,000	20,000	0.0%
Total	\$ 38,193	\$ 38,479	\$ 39,460	\$ 50,040	26.8%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	0.40	0.10	0.10	0.40	0.0%



Performance Measures	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	PROJECTED
Recycling days Recycling collection tonnage	2	2	2	1
	476	553	572	600

CULTURE & RECREATION 2014 BUDGET



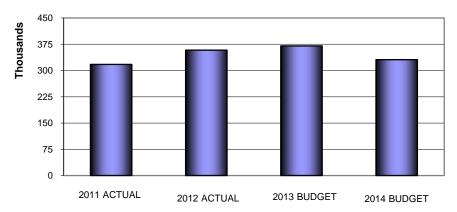


CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA **CULTURE & RECREATION SUMMARY**

EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Total By Program	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Community Center	\$876	\$992	\$3,370	\$550	-83.7%
Parks	284,443	324,706	329,390	305,100	-7.4%
Pioneer Days	31,997	32,374	37,400	25,250	-32.5%
Totals	317,316	358,072	370,160	330,900	-10.6%
Total By Classification					
Personnel Services	143,394	132,961	130,700	118,300	-9.5%
Commodities	15,341	45,483	51,900	31,400	-39.5%
Contractual Services	97,266	94,867	147,820	122,500	-17.1%
Capital Outlay	27,236	80,818	31,940	52,400	64.1%
Other Charges	34,079	3,945	7,800	6,300	-19.2%
Totals	317,316	358,072	370,160	330,900	-10.6%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	1.35	1.35	0.70	1.15	

Expenditures



Department: Culture & Recreation Fund: 101
Program: Community Center Cost Center: 45000

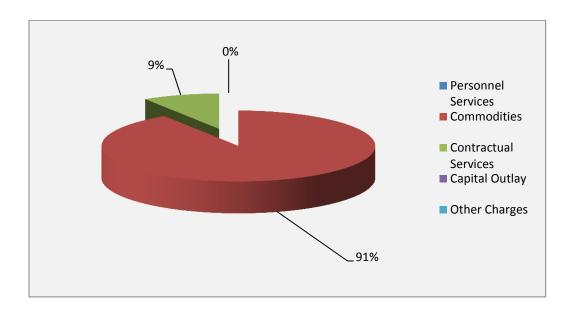
Program Description

Provides for the operation and maintenance of the Community Center on Cree Street NW.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Most costs are shown in the Government Buildings department.

Program Expenditures	2011 CTUAL	2012 CTUAL	В	2013 UDGET	-	2014 JDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
Commodities	57	109		500		500	0.0%
Contractual Services	819	883		2,770		50	-98.2%
Capital Outlay	-	-		-		-	N/A
Other Charges	-	-		100		-	-100.0%
Total	\$ 876	\$ 992	\$	3,370	\$	550	-83.7%



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	PROJECTED
Number of uses	236	201	180	250

Department: Culture & Recreation Fund: 101
Program: Parks Cost Center: 45200

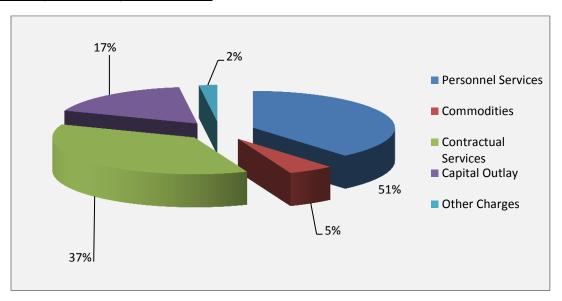
Program Description

Provides for the overall planning, management and administrative activities of the park facilities and for the maintenance and improvement of park and recreational facilities, including skating rinks, athletic fields and neighborhood parks.

Program Expenditure Highlights

Personnel services dropped as they are going to only utilitize one seasonal position instead of two.

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Program Expenditures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$143,394	\$132,960	\$125,500	\$118,300	-5.7%
Commodities	15,284	13,179	19,200	15,900	-17.2%
Contractual Services	96,447	93,984	145,050	112,200	-22.6%
Capital Outlay	27,236	80,818	31,940	52,400	64.1%
Other Charges	2,082	3,765	7,700	6,300	-18.2%
Total	\$284,443	\$324,706	\$329,390	\$305,100	-7.4%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	1.35	1.35	0.70	1.15	-48.1%



Performance Measures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET
Number of parks maintained	14	14	14	14
Total acreage mowed	58	58	58	58
Ballfields maintained	2	2	2	2
Number of playgrounds	8	8	8	8
Miles of trail maintained	7	7	7	7

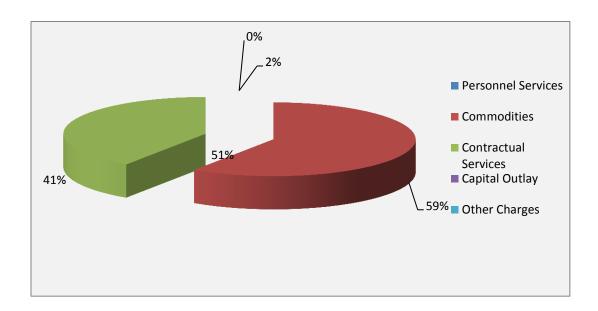
Department: **Culture & Recreation** Fund: 101 Program: **Pioneer Days Cost Center:** 45230

Program Description

Provides for the City's annual celebration in June.

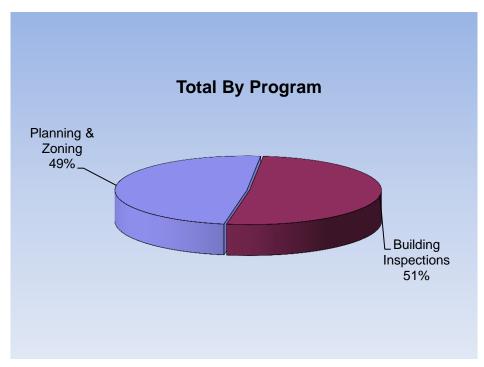
<u>Program Expenditure Highlights</u>
The Pioneer Days celebration will be run by the Chamber of Commerce with the city contributing \$15,000.00 to them.

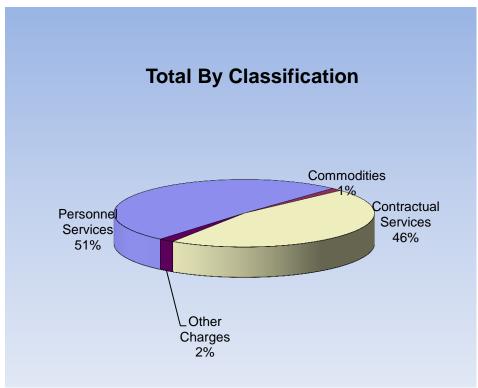
Program Expenditures	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,200	\$ -	-100.0%
Commodities	32,254	32,194	32,200	15,000	-53.4%
Contractual Services	· -	· -	· <u>-</u>	10,250	N/A
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	N/A
Other Charges	-	180	-	-	N/A
Total	\$ 32,254	\$ 32,374	\$ 37,400	\$ 25,250	-32.5%
Full-Time Equivalent positions		-	-	-	N/A



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COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT 2014 BUDGET

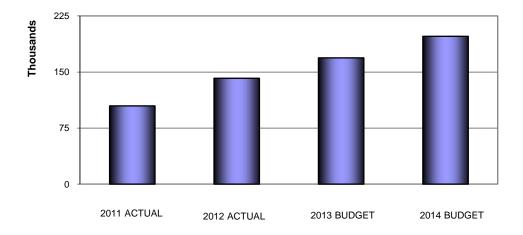




CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

Total By Program Planning & Zoning Building Inspections	2011 ACTUAL \$71,124 33,517	2012 ACTUAL \$83,413 58,179	2013 BUDGET \$84,800 84,080	2014 BUDGET \$96,650 101,050	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET 14.0% 20.2%
Totals	104,641	141,592	168,880	197,700	17.1%
Total By Classification	,	,	,	,	
Personnel Services	1,262	57,670	92,410	100,350	8.6%
Commodities	92	1,702	300	2,700	800.0%
Contractual Services	103,205	79,821	72,420	90,900	25.5%
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	N/A
Other Charges	82	2,399	3,750	3,750	0.0%
Totals	104,641	141,592	168,880	197,700	17.1%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	

Expenditures



Department: General Government Fund: 101
Program: Planning and Zoning Cost Center: 41910

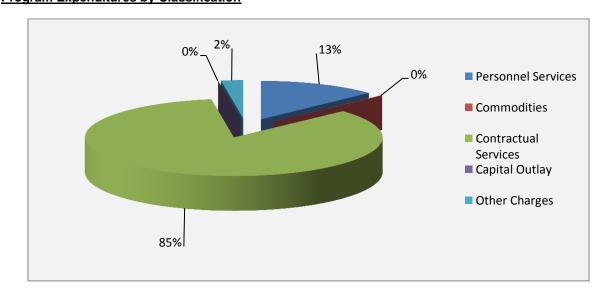
Program Description

Performs long range planning, develops and implements zoning and subdivision ordinances, and reviews development proposals.

Program Expenditure Highlights

The city continues to have many zoning questions and complaints on properties.

Program Expenditures	F	2011 ACTUAL	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2014 BUDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$	585	\$ 5,635	\$ 11,000	\$ 8,000	-27.3%
Commodities		45	-	100	100	0.0%
Contractual Services		70,412	77,055	71,650	86,900	21.3%
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	N/A
Other Charges		82	723	2,050	1,650	-19.5%
Total	\$	71,124	\$ 83,413	\$ 84,800	\$ 96,650	14.0%
Full-Time Equivalent positions	Co	mmission	members are	oaid based or	n number of m	neetings attended.



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	PROJECTED
Special use permits	0	0	2	3
Ordinance amendments	5	7	7	2
Rezonings	1	1	1	1
Comp Plan amendments	0	2	0	0
Subdivisions processed	2	3	5	0
Concept plan review	0	0	0	0
Site plan review	1	0	2	1
Variances	1	1	1	0

Department: Community Development Fund: 101
Program: Building Inspections Cost Center: 42400

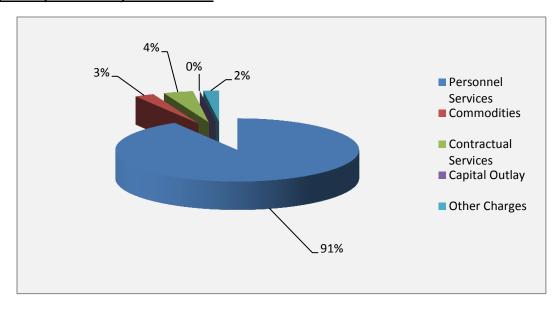
Program Description

Provide for the administration of the Uniform Building Code requirements and related ordinances to safeguard life or limb, health, property and public welfare by regulating and controlling the design, construction, quality of materials, use and occupancy, location and maintenance of all building and structures within the City of St. Francis. In December, 2011, the city hired a part-time building inspector to take over these duties. The city then contracted with the City of Nowthen for building inspection and the position was changed to full-time in June.

Program Expenditure Highlights

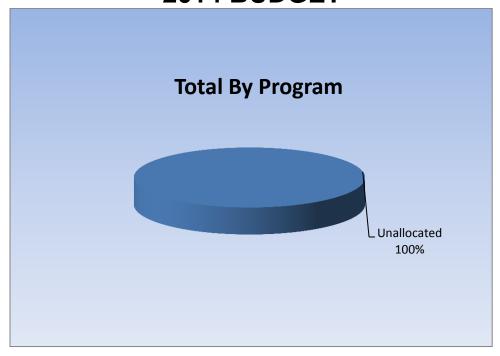
Adjusted for the costs associated with the full-time staff.

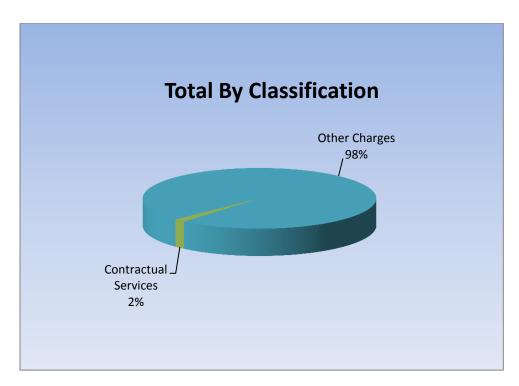
					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Program Expenditures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	\$ 677	\$ 52,035	\$ 81,410	\$ 92,350	13.4%
Commodities	47	1,702	200	2,600	1200.0%
Contractual Services	32,793	2,766	770	4,000	419.5%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	N/A
Other Charges	-	1,676	1,700	2,100	23.5%
Total	\$ 33,517	\$ 58,179	\$ 84,080	\$101,050	20.2%
					_
Full-Time Equivalent positions	0	0	1.00	1.00	



	2011	2012	2013	2014
Performance Measures	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	PROJECTED
Single family	4	7	12	10
Townhomes/Manufactured homes	0	0	0	0
Commercial/Industrial	1	0	1	1
Miscellaneous building permits	306	421	290	400

MISCELLANEOUS 2014 BUDGET

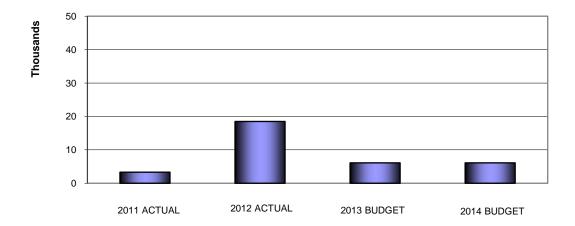




CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA MISCELLANEOUS SUMMARY EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Total By Program	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Unallocated	\$3,308	\$18,494	\$6,100	\$6,100	0.0%
Totals	3,308	18,494	6,100	6,100	0.0%
Total By Classification					
Personnel Services	0	0	0	0	N/A
Commodities	0	0	0	0	N/A
Contractual Services	72	26	100	100	0.0%
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	N/A
Other Charges	3,236	18,468	6,000	6,000	0.0%
Totals	3,308	18,494	6,100	6,100	0.0%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Expenditures



Department: Miscellaneous Fund: 101 Program: Unallocated Cost Center: 49200

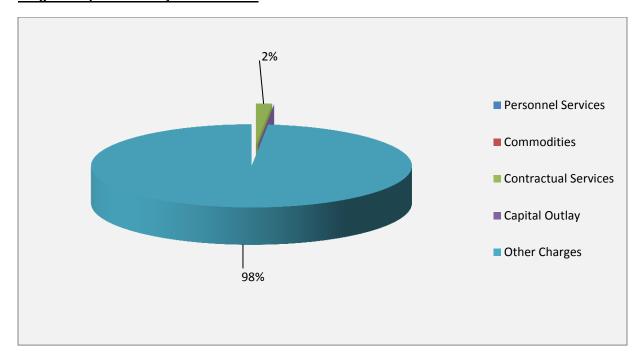
Program Description

Contains funding for the unexpected and miscellaneous items not directly associated with a specific program.

Program Expenditure Highlights

The costs for this program are anticipated to remain stable.

Program Expenditures	_	D11 ΓUAL		D12 ΓUAL	2013 JDGET	2014 JDGET	PERCENT OVER(UNDER) 2013 BUDGET	_
Personnel Services Commodities Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other Charges	\$	- 72 - ,236	\$ 18	- - 26 - 3,468	\$ - 100 - 6,000	\$ - 100 - 6,000	N/A N/A 0.0% N/A 0.0%	
Total	\$ 3	3,308	\$ 18	3,494	\$ 6,100	\$ 6,100	0.0%	-





SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

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CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA POLICE FORFEITURE FUND (208)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 ACTUAL		2013 BUDGET		2013 ESTIMATE		2014 BUDGET	
Fines and Forfeits:								
Confiscated property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		-		-		-		-
Expenditures:								
Commodities		-		9,630		5,425		1,119
Contractual services		2,728		-		1,911		-
Other charges		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		2,728		9,630		7,336		1,119
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,728)		(9,630)		(7,336)		(1,119)
Fund balance - January 1		11,183		9,630		8,455		1,119
Fund balance - December 31	\$	8,455	\$	-	\$	1,119	\$	

This fund was established to account for money that is legally restricted for police services. Most of the revenues for this fund are from confiscated money that is split between the city, county and state based on a statutory formula. The city's share is 70%. The balance in this fund will fluctuate greatly.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA TAX INCREMENT TURTLE RIDGE FUND (250) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		2012		2013		2013	2014	
	A	ACTUAL	BUDGET		E:	STIMATE	BUDGET	
Revenues:								
Tax increments	\$	15,144	\$	15,200	\$	14,276	\$	15,200
Investment earnings		182		-		200		-
Total revenues		15,326		15,200		14,476		15,200
Expenditures:								
Miscellaneous		-		600		600		600
Interest payments		14,177		14,000		12,848		13,000
Total expenditures		14,177		14,600		13,448		13,600
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over expenditures		1,149		600		1,028		1,600
Fund balance - January 1		16,868		18,042		18,017		19,045
Fund balance - December 31	\$	18,017	\$	18,642	\$	19,045	\$	20,645
	-							

This fund is used to account for activity associated with the City's only Tax Increment Financing District which was established for the Turtle Ridge Townhome project.





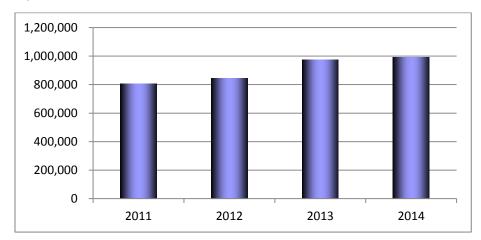
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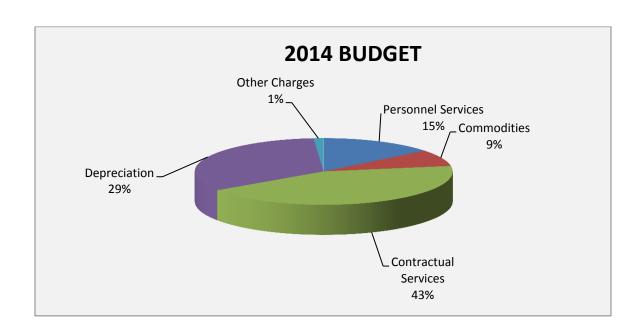
CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA WATER FUND SUMMARY EXPENSE ANALYSIS

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Total By Classification	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	152,168	136,032	154,390	142,000	-8.0%
Commodities	51,937	42,777	75,700	79,700	5.3%
Contractual Services	268,381	337,979	402,154	427,787	6.4%
Depreciation	327,100	322,687	330,000	330,000	0.0%
Other Charges	5,623	3,918	10,950	12,700	16.0%
Totals	805,209	843,393	973,194	992,187	2.0%

Staffing







CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA WATER FUND (601) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	2012	2013	2013	2014
	ACTUAL	BUDGET	ESTIMATE	BUDGET
Operating revenues:				
Water sales	\$ 1,137,548	\$ 1,080,000	\$ 1,044,000	\$ 1,170,000
Water penalty		28,000	30,000	30,000
Total revenues	1,137,548	1,108,000	1,074,000	1,200,000
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	136,032	154,390	127,350	142,000
Supplies	42,099	75,200	54,000	78,700
Professional services	181,874	195,104	151,550	212,037
Communications	5,538	8,000	3,400	7,000
Insurance	13,679	21,500	10,000	19,000
Utilities	74,951	90,800	79,000	95,000
Repairs and maintenance	61,936	86,750	32,859	94,750
Depreciation	322,687	330,000	325,000	330,000
Other	4,596	11,450	11,000	13,700
Total expenses	 843,392	973,194	794,159	992,187
rotar experiess	 0.10,002	0.0,.0.	701,100	002,107
Operating income (loss)	294,156	134,806	279,841	207,813
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings	35,203	50,000	30,000	30,000
Miscellaneous grants	6,500	-	-	-
Connection Fees	32,400	-	60,600	-
Interest expense	(293,227)	(289,988)	(283,605)	(265,288)
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues	9,970	-	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (209,154)	(239,988)	(193,005)	(235,288)
Net income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	85,002	(105,182)	86,836	(27,475)
Transfers in (out):				
Debt Service Fund	-	(18,580)	(18,580)	(18,580)
EDA Lease Revenue Bonds	_	(82,500)	(82,500)	(82,500)
Capital contributions	 -	-	-	-
Change in net assets	85,002	(206,262)	(14,244)	(128,555)
Net assets- January 1	 5,611,997	5,563,986	5,696,999	5,682,755
Net assets- December 31	\$ 5,696,999	\$ 5,357,724	\$ 5,682,755	\$ 5,554,200

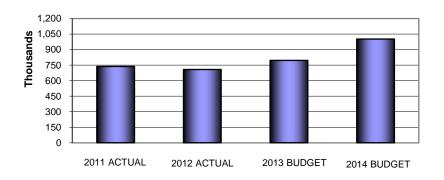
CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA WATER FUND (601) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

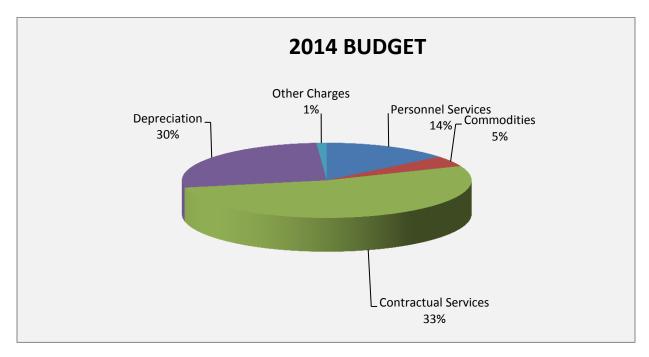
	2012 ACTUAL		2013 BUDGET		2013 ESTIMATE		2014 BUDGET	
Net Income (loss)	\$	85,002	\$	(105,182)	\$	86,836	\$	(27,475)
Add depreciation		322,687		330,000		325,000		330,000
Change in current assets		239,600		-		-		-
Change in deferred		(27,971)		-		-		-
Change in current liabilities		139,400		-		-		-
Purchase of fixed assets		(210,660)		(12,520)		(12,520)		(12,520)
Principal payments on debt		(461,500)		(575,250)		(575,250)		(593,500)
Total		86,558		(362,952)		(175,934)		(303,495)
Cash balance - January 1		2,767,521		2,560,039	2	2,854,079	:	2,678,145
Cash balance - December 31	\$	2,854,079	\$	2,197,087	\$ 2	2,678,145	\$:	2,374,650

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CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA SANITARY SEWER FUND SUMMARY EXPENSE ANALYSIS

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Total By Classification	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	150,324	132,992	154,210	142,000	-7.9%
Commodities	46,240	35,387	39,700	46,200	16.4%
Contractual Services	254,818	258,280	321,047	531,419	65.5%
Depreciation	267,577	264,128	270,000	270,000	0.0%
Other Charges	17,615	16,435	10,050	11,500	14.4%
Totals	736,574	707,222	795,007	1,001,119	25.9%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.75	





CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA SANITARY SEWER FUND (602) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	2012		2013		2013		2014	
		ACTUAL	BUDGET	Е	STIMATE		BUDGET	
Operating revenues:								
Sewer sales	\$	875,916	\$ 855,000	\$	821,000	\$	880,000	
Sewer penalty		-	23,000		26,000		23,000	
Total revenues		875,916	878,000		847,000		903,000	
Operating evpenses:								
Operating expenses: Personnel services		400.000	454.040		105 500		4.40.000	
		132,992	154,210		125,500		142,000	
Supplies Professional services		35,387	39,700		40,420		46,200	
		79,176	120,697		118,623		185,569	
Communications		2,925	3,500		1,770		3,500	
Insurance		8,768	9,800		5,800		7,000	
Utilities		97,178	109,800		103,200		112,100	
Repairs and maintenance		69,305	77,250		31,730		223,250	
Depreciation		264,128	270,000		265,000		270,000	
Other		17,363	10,050		16,100		11,500	
Total expenses		707,222	795,007		708,143		1,001,119	
Operating income (loss)		168,694	82,993		138,857		(98,119)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Investment earnings		18,050	30,000		24,000		20,000	
Connection charges		33,600	· -		25,200		-	
Interest Expense		(151,460)	(156,448)		(160,527)		(130,130)	
Special assessments		-	-		-		-	
Miscellaneous revenues		22,376	3,000		3,000		3,000	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(77,434)	(123,448)		(108,327)		(107,130)	
Not be a second to a Notation of the Constant								
Net income (loss) before contributions		04.000	(40, 455)		00.500		(005.040)	
and transfers		91,260	(40,455)		30,530		(205,249)	
Transfers in (out):								
Debt Service Fund		-	(21,300)		(21,300)		(21,300)	
Improvement Projects		_	(82,500)		(82,500)		(82,500)	
Capital contributions		-	-		-		-	
			(()		()	
Change in net assets		91,260	(144,255)		(73,270)		(309,049)	
Net assets - January 1		7,512,133	7,548,134		7,603,393		7,530,123	
Net assets - December 31	\$	7,603,393	\$ 7,403,879	\$	7,530,123	\$	7,221,074	

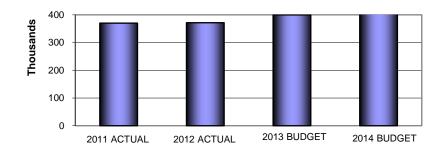
CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA **SANITARY SEWER FUND (602)** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

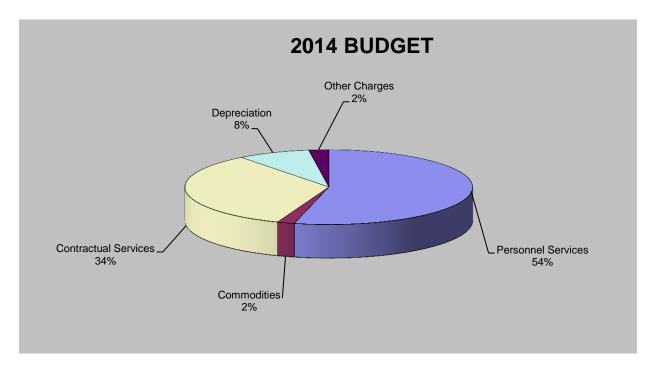
	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Net income (loss)	\$ 91,260	\$ (144,255)	\$ (73,270)	\$ (309,049)
Add depreciation	264,128	270,000	265,000	270,000
Change in current assets	89,061	-	-	-
Change in deferred	(71,596)	-	-	-
Change in current liabilities	(692)	-	-	-
Purchase of fixed assets	(26,850)	(12,500)	(12,500)	-
Issued debt	-	-	-	-
Principal payments on debt	(233,500)	(392,750)	(392,750)	(406,500)
Total	111,811	(279,505)	(213,520)	(445,549)
Cash balance - January 1	1,927,623	1,925,826	2,039,434	1,825,914
Cash balance - December 31	\$ 2,039,434	\$ 1,646,321	\$ 1,825,914	\$ 1,380,365

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CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA LIQUOR STORE FUND SUMMARY EXPENSE ANALYSIS

					PERCENT
	2011	2012	2013	2014	OVER(UNDER)
Total By Classification	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	BUDGET	2013 BUDGET
Personnel Services	198,260	199,460	220,020	224,400	2.0%
Commodities	4,508	13,024	6,000	8,000	33.3%
Contractual Services	129,063	117,397	129,953	140,900	8.4%
Depreciation	31,859	32,325	33,000	34,000	3.0%
Other Charges	6,134	9,071	10,500	9,350	-11.0%
Totals	369,824	371,277	399,473	416,650	4.3%
Staffing					
Full-time equivalents	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	_





CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA MUNICIPAL LIQUOR OPERATIONS FUND (609) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET		
Operating revenues:							
Liquor sales	\$	692,430	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$	680,000	
Beer sales	Ψ	1,103,578	1,100,000	1,100,000	Ψ	1,100,000	
Wine sales		196,181	180,000	180,000		200,000	
Miscellaneous merchandise		39,993	42,000	42,000		42,000	
N/A beer		4,251	4,500	4,500		4,500	
Tobacco products		58,443	56,000	56,000		58,000	
Total revenues		2,094,876	2,032,500	2,032,500		2,084,500	
Total Tovollago		2,001,070	2,002,000	2,002,000		2,001,000	
Cost of sales:		(1,511,868)	(1,548,000)	(1,548,000)		(1,568,000)	
Gross profit		583,008	484,500	484,500		516,500	
Operating expenses:							
Personnel services		199,461	220,020	220,020		224,400	
Supplies		13,023	6,000	6,000		8,000	
Professional services		76,713	85,153	85,153		88,900	
Communications		2,234	2,500	2,500		2,500	
Insurance		7,829	11,000	11,000		14,000	
Utilities		16,987	18,600	18,600		21,500	
Repairs and maintenance		13,633	12,700	12,700		14,000	
Depreciation		32,325	33,000	33,000		34,000	
Other		9,072	10,500	10,500		9,350	
Total expenses		371,277	399,473	399,473		416,650	
•							
Operating income (loss)							
		211,731	85,027	85,027		99,850	
Other revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings							
Miscellaneous revenues		11,650	18,000	12,000		12,000	
Total other revenues (expenses)		1,135	-	-		-	
		12,785	18,000	12,000		12,000	
Net income (loss) before contributions							
and transfers							
T () ()		224,516	103,027	97,027		111,850	
Transfers in (out):							
General Fund							
Pioneer Days		(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)		(60,000)	
Change in net assets		164,516	43,027	37,027		51,850	
Net assets - January 1		1,612,434	1,503,999	1,776,950		1,813,977	
Net assets - December 31	\$	1,776,950	\$ 1,547,026	\$ 1,813,977	\$	1,865,827	

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA MUNICIPAL LIQUOR OPERATIONS FUND (609) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2012 ACTUAL	 2013 BUDGET		2013 STIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Net income (loss)	\$ 164,516	\$ 43,027	\$	37,027	\$ 51,850
Add depreciation	32,325	33,000		33,000	34,000
Change in current assets	5,174	-		-	-
Change in deferred	-	-		-	-
Change in current liabilities	(20,031)	-		-	-
Purchase of fixed assets	(7,059)	-		-	-
Total	 174,925	76,027		70,027	85,850
Cash balance - January 1	 1,085,442	784,118		1,260,367	1,330,394
Cash balance - December 31	\$ 1,260,367	\$ 860,145	\$	1,330,394	\$ 1,416,244

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CAPITAL OUTLAY FUNDS

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CAPITAL OUTLAY

This section provides an overview of Capital Outlay projects for the City of St. Francis. Projects include those within the Capital Improvement Plan, Departmental Operating Budgets and Capital Projects Fund.

Capital Improvement Plan

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a schedule of proposed public projects and purchases over a five-year period. Capital improvements are normally non-routine projects costing \$5,000 or more, which require acquisition, construction, or replacement of various equipment or facilities, including public buildings, infrastructure, utilities and parks.

The plan is not intended to provide for precise budgeting. Capital costs are projected as estimates. Upon each update of the plan, deletions, additions, delays, or other revisions may occur, reflecting changing community needs. These changes allow for budget refinements as a particular project nears actual construction. Only after incorporation within successive budgets or as approved separately by the City Council will these items be considered funded.

Some of the items contained in the CIP will require on-going operational costs and in some cases produce operational savings. However, given the speculative nature of latter-year purchases, the exact cost cannot be reasonably quantified beyond next year. The 2014-2018 CIP was adopted by the Council on August 5, 2013. The following provides a summary of projects included in the City's Capital Improvement Plan along with project year. Overall the 2014 budget provided for in the Capital Improvement plan is \$2,129,246. The following shows a breakdown by year.

FIVE-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN PROJECTS											
BY PROJECT CATEGORY											
CATEGORY	TOTAL	PRIOR YEARS	2014	ALLOCATI 2015	ION OF COSTS E 2016	BY YEAR 2017	2018				
BUILDINGS COMPUTERS EQUIPMENT LAND PARKS STREETS TRAILS UTILITIES VEHICLES	\$ 2,328,948 \$ - \$ 1,350,014 \$ - \$ 770,700 \$15,596,000 \$ - \$22,305,730 \$ 1,186,500	\$ - \$ 10,000 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 300,000	\$ 450,000 \$ - \$ 137,746 \$ - \$ 110,000 \$ 1,309,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 122,500	\$ 411,948 \$ - \$ 687,372 \$ - \$ 150,000 \$ 4,535,000 \$ - \$18,000,000 \$ 357,000	\$ 727,000 \$ - \$ 223,612 \$ - \$ 349,700 \$ 6,450,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 167,000	\$ 360,000 \$ - \$ 175,632 \$ - \$ 161,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,305,730 \$ 155,000	\$ 380,000 \$ - \$ 115,652 \$ - \$ 3,302,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 85,000				
TOTALS	\$43,537,892	\$ 310,000	\$ 2,129,246	\$24,141,320	\$ 7,917,312	\$ 5,157,362	\$3,882,652				

The following table depicts the city's five year CIP needs.

	PRIOR	PRIOR ALLOCATION OF COSTS BY YEAR						
PROJECT TITLE	YEARS	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
General Government								
CITY CAR				20,000				
VOTING BOOTHS	10,000	-	-	20,000	-	-		
Total	10,000	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	20,000	<u> </u>			
	,							
Fire Department								
TRAINING/MEETING ROOM/FIRE HALL	-	110,000	-	-	-	-		
TANKER/PUMPER TRUCK REPLACEMENT	300,000		-	-	-	-		
FUTURE FIRE TRUCK REPLACEMENTS	-	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000		
CONCRETE REPAIR AT FIRE STATION		-	51,948	-	-	-		
PAVING, CURBING & UTILITIES BEHIND STATION		-	125,000	-	-	-		
REPLACEMENT OF SCBA BOTTLES		15,624	-	-	-	-		
Total	300,000	175,624	226,948	50,000	50,000	50,000		
Police Department								
DEBT SERVICE PAYMENTS FOR POLICE STATION		170,000	180,000	180,000	180,000	190,000		
SQUAD CAR REPLACEMENT	-	35,000	65,000	35,000	65,000	35,000		
800 MHZ Radios	-	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000		
In Car Cameras	_	4,000	15,000	10,000	5,000	4,000		
Total		209,000	264,000	229,000	254,000	229,000		
i Otai		203,000	204,000	223,000	204,000	223,000		
Streets Department								
SAFETY TRAILER	-	-	24,000	-	-	-		
DEBT SERVICE PAYMENTS FOR POLICE STATION	-	170,000	180,000	180,000	180,000	190,000		
2005 INTERNATIONAL DUMP TRUCK REPLACEMENT	-	-	242,000	-	-	-		
2006 FORD F-350 REPLACEMENT	-	-	-	62,000	-	-		
239TH & BITTERSWEET MILL AND OVERLAY	-	689,000	-	-	-	-		
241ST AVENUE	-	-	-	3,523,000	-	-		
245TH & KINGS HWY REALIGNMENT & DITCH WORK	-	-	1,013,000	-	-	-		
BRIDGE STREET EXTENSION	-	-	-	-	-	3,302,000		
BRIDGE STREET TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENTS	-	-	2,500,000	-	-	-		
BUTTERFIELD DRIVE RECONSTRUCTION	-	620,000	-	-	-	-		
RUM RIVER WOODS ADDITION RECONSTRUCTION	-	-	-	2,752,000	-	-		
TAMMARACK STREET	-	-	897,000	-	-	-		
ARROWHEAD STREET MILL AND OVERLAY		-	-	175,000	-	-		
Total	-	1,479,000	4,856,000	6,692,000	180,000	3,492,000		
Dayles Daylandana								
Parks Department				340 700				
DEER CREEK PARK TRAIL	-	110,000	-	349,700	-	-		
Hockey Rink Improvements	-	110,000	-	-	47.000	-		
Highland Woods Park Improvements	-	-	-	-	47,000 114,000	-		
Rum River Woods Improvements	-	-	-	267.000	114,000	-		
REPLACE BUILDING AT COMMUNITY PARK	-	10 500	-	367,000	-	-		
Zero Turn Mower	-	19,500	-	-	-	-		

	PRIOR	ALLOCATION OF COSTS BY YEAR							
PROJECT TITLE	YEARS	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018			
BOBCAT ANNUAL REPLACEMENT	-	32,900	32,900	33,890	34,910	35,930			
Hidden Ponds Irrigation	-	-	180,250	-	-	-			
NEW MOWER DECK FOR BELOS	-	-	20,000	-	-	-			
REPLACE FOUNTAIN/BASIN AT WOODBURY PARK	-	-	35,000	-	-	-			
SEALCOATING FOR BITUMINOUS TRAILS	-	-	150,000	-	-	-			
Total	-	162,400	418,150	750,590	195,910	35,930			
Water/Wastewater									
HOUSEHOLD WATER METER CHANGEOUT	-	65,722	65,722	65,722	65,722	65,722			
WELL #5	-	-	-	-	405,730	-			
EAST SIDE WASTEWATER TREATMENT FAC.	-	-	18,000,000	-	-	-			
TRUNK HWY 47 WATER & SEWER EXTENSION	-	-	-	-	3,900,000	-			
1/2 TON PICK-UP TRUCK	-	37,500	-	-	-	-			
CAB & CHASSIS	-	-	-	-	40,000	-			
PORTABLE GENSET	-	-	-	-	56,000	-			
VAC/JETTER TRUCK	-	-	300,500	-	-	-			
MONITORING WELL	-	-	-	100,000	-	-			
Total	-	103,222	18,366,222	165,722	4,467,452	65,722			
Liquor									
COOLER DOORS/LED LIGHTS	_	_	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Total	-	-	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Grand Total	310,000	2,129,246	24,141,320	7,917,312	5,157,362	3,882,652			

Some of the projects listed above are not included in our annually adopted budget because budgets are not established until after a public hearing is held and the City Council approves the project. This process is normally used for street projects and building construction because of the size of the project and the uncertainty of approval. Councils, economic conditions and priorities are always changing and these types of projects seem to be postponed or modified more than once. If they were included in our budget each year we feel it would misrepresent what is actually occurring.

Please see the city's website at <u>www.stfrancismn.org</u> for a copy of the complete plan as adopted.

2014 projects from the 2014-2018 CIP which are not included in the 2014 budget because a budget will not be established until the Council approves the project are:

239TH & BITTERSWEET MILL & OVERLAY 689,000 BUTTERFIELD DRIVE 620,000 HOCKEY RINK IMPROVEMENTS 110,000

Capital Projects Fund

There are no planned expenditures from the Capital Projects Fund for 2014 at this time.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (402) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment earnings	\$ 29,961	\$ 16,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000
Miscellaneous	2,000	<u> </u>	13,000	<u> </u>
Total revenues	31,961	16,000	16,000	3,000
Expenditures:				
Building & Structures	6,763,168	-	263,969	-
Motor Vehicles	104,359	-	23,856	-
	172,199	-	-	
Total expenditures	7,039,726	-	287,825	
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over expenditures	(7,007,765)	16,000	(271,825)	3,000
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out):				
Contract for Deed Issued	8,200,000	-	-	-
Fire Truck Replacement Fund	-	-	-	-
General Fund	(551,795)	-	-	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance	640,440	16,000	(271,825)	3,000
Fund balance - January 1	(201,548)	1,773,781	438,892	167,067
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 438,892	\$ 1,789,781	\$ 167,067	\$ 170,067

Accounts for funds set aside for future purchases of equipment, vehicles, and facility replacements and improvements. Resources are currently provided by transfers from other funds.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA CREEKVIEW ESTATES FUND (505) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Revenues:				
Special Assessments	\$ 14,156	\$ 12,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 12,000
Total revenues	14,156	12,000	13,000	12,000
Expenditures:				
Miscellaneous	54	-	59	-
Engineering Interest expense	- -	-	-	- -
Total expenditures	54	-	59	-
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	14,102	12,000	12,941	12,000
Fund balance - January 1	(116,343)	104,644	(102,241)	(89,300)

Accounts for the accumulation of resources to finance the 2006 street reconstruction project. There was no debt taken out to finance this project. The deficit will be eliminated though future collections of special assessments.

\$ (102,241) \$ 116,644 \$ (89,300)

Fund balance - December 31

\$ (77,300)

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA FIRE TRUCK REPLACEMENT FUND (403) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 ACTUAL	Е	2013 BUDGET	E	2013 STIMATE	E	2014 BUDGET
Miscellaneous Revenue: Investment earnings	\$ 3,837	\$	5,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000
Total revenues	3,837		5,000		4,000		4,000
Expenditures: Vehicles and equipment	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 -				-		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	3,837		5,000		4,000		4,000
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out): General Fund Capital Projects Fund	40,000		- -		- -		50,000
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance	43,837		5,000		4,000		54,000
Fund balance - January 1	 406,183		510,183		450,020		454,020
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 450,020	\$	515,183	\$	454,020	\$	508,020

Accounts for funds set aside for future purchases fire trucks. Resources are currently provided by transfers from other funds.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA GAMBLING FUND (210)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 CTUAL	В	2013 UDGET	2013 ESTIMATE		I	2014 BUDGET
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$ 2,373	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Total revenues	2,373		10,000		10,000		10,000
Expenditures:							
Commodities	-		-		-		-
Contractual services Other charges	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	-		-		-		-
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	2,373		10,000		10,000		10,000
Fund balance - January 1	-		-		2,373		12,373
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 2,373	\$	10,000	\$	12,373	\$	22,373

This fund was established in 2012 to account for the gambling proceeds received from charitable gambling in the city. 10% of net profits need to be sent to the city. The city then use these funds to pay for things such and police, fire and other emergency services equipment and training.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA IVYWOOD STREET & 230TH LANE FUND (507) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		2012		2013	2013		2014	
	Α	CTUAL	В	UDGET	E	STIMATE	В	UDGET
Revenues:								
Special Assessments	\$	17,855	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	12,000
Total revenues		17,855		12,000		12,000		12,000
Expenditures:								
Miscellaneous		75		-		-		-
Engineering		-		-		-		-
Construction		-		-		-		-
Interest expense		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		75		-				
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over expenditures		17,780		12,000		12,000		12,000
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in (out):								
Water Fund		-		-		-		-
Sewer Fund		-		-		-		-
General Fund						-		
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance		17,780	((125,017)		12,000		12,000
Fund balance - January 1	((130,546)	((103,500)		(112,766)		(100,766)
Fund balance - December 31	\$ ((112,766)	\$ (228,517)	\$	(100,766)	\$	(88,766)

Accounts for financial resources used to finance a street reconstruction project which is receiving special assessment revenue to pay for a portion of the costs.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA TRUNK UTILITIES RIVER'S EDGE FUND (423) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Revenues:	HOTONE	DODGET	LOTHWINTE	DODGET
Developer costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings	(1,332)	<u> </u>		
Total revenues	(1,332)	-	-	
Expenditures:				
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Engineering	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-
Land	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		-	-	
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,332)	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out): Water Fund		-	-	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance	(1,332)	-	-	-
Fund balance - January 1	(519,309)	(520,641)	(520,641)	(520,641)
Fund balance - December 31	\$ (520,641)	\$ (520,641)	\$ (520,641)	\$ (520,641)

Accounts for financial resources used to improve current city infrastructure and to finance construction of sanitary sewer and water mains to serve the new River's Edge development and Rum River Bluffs development.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND (225)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Α	2012 CTUAL	В	2013 UDGET	ES	2013 STIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Miscellaneous Revenue:							
Park rental fees Other Grants Park dedication fees Investment earnings Contributions and donations	\$	3,275 123,980 - 989 -	\$	1,000 - - 1,000 500	\$	775 - 7,500 900 -	\$ 1,000 - - 1,000 500
Total revenues		128,244		2,500		9,175	2,500
Expenditures:							
Park development projects		127,786		-		18,735	-
Total expenditures		127,786		-		18,735	-
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		458		2,500		(9,560)	2,500
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out): General Fund		-		-		-	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance		458		2,500		(9,560)	2,500
Fund balance - January 1		164,018		163,890		164,476	154,916
Fund balance - December 31	\$	164,476	\$	166,390	\$	154,916	\$ 157,416

This fund accounts for the use of park availability charges, grants and tax revenues that are dedicated for the acquisition and improvement of City parks. Park availability charges are levied against all new buildings constructed.

The \$269,000 that was budgeted in 2011 was for the construction of Pederson Path along Pederson Drive. The city secured a federal and state grant to fund a major portion of this project. It was completed in 2011.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA WATERMAIN LOOPING FUND (427)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012 ACTUAL	2013 BUDGET	2013 ESTIMATE	2014 BUDGET
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	-	-	-	-
Expenditures:				
Miscellaneous Engineering Construction Land easement Interest expense	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Total expenditures			-	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	-	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out): Water Fund		-	-	
Net increase (decrease) in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance - January 1	(287,151)	(287,151)	(287,151)	(287,151)
Fund balance - December 31	\$ (287,151)	\$ (287,151)	\$ (287,151)	\$ (287,151)

This fund was established to account for costs associated with completing a second river crossing vital for uninterrupted water service for those residents on the east side of the Rum River and necessary for efficient watermain system maintenance. The project also includes the demolition and abandonment of wellhouse and well number 2.





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DEBT SERVICE

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation and use of financial resources to pay principal, interest, and related costs on long-term debt. A separate Debt Service Sub-Fund is required for each bond issue.

The principal sources of revenue are property taxes (debt service levies), special assessments, interest earned on cash balances in funds, and transfers from other funds.

Expenditures include bond principal and interest on City bonds as well as fiscal agent fees and interest on negative cash balances in funds.

The annual debt service tax levy anticipated each year through 2022 on current debt is \$20,900. The balance of the debt will be paid from special assessments, transfers from other funds, and interest earnings.

Legal Debt Limit

Minnesota State Statutes limits the City's net debt to no more than three percent (3%) of the estimated market value of the taxable property within the municipality. Bond issues covered by this limit are those that are financed by property taxes unless at least 20% of the annual debt service costs are financed by special assessments or tax increments. St. Francis has one bond issue subject to the debt limit, that being the EDA Lease Revenue Bonds. The difference between the statutory debt limit and the bonds outstanding that are covered by the debt limit is referred to as the legal debt margin. See the following table for the amounts.

	2013
Estimated market value of taxable property	\$412,869,600
Debt limit (3% of market value)	\$12,386,088
Total bonds outstanding excluding enterprise debt	\$9,385,000
Less: Special assessment bonds	1,380,000
Total debt applicable to debt limit	\$ 8,005,000
Legal debt margin	\$4,381,088

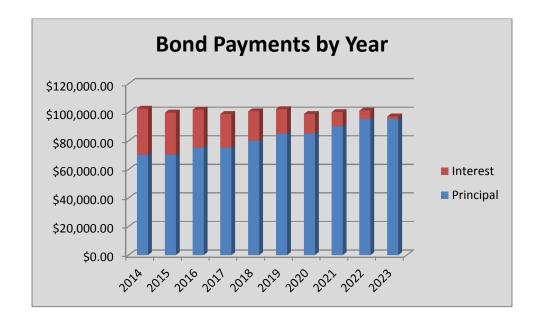
All bonds issued by the city's enterprise funds are reported in the individual budgets.

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA **DEBT SERVICE BUDGET (311)**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	2012		2013		2013	2014	
	ACTUAL	В	BUDGET	Е	STIMATE	E	BUDGET
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 21,098	\$	20,900	\$	20,900	\$	20,900
Special assessments	32,359		24,000		24,000		24,000
Investment earnings	 1,091		1,600		1,000		1,000
Total revenues	 54,548		46,500		45,900		45,900
Expenditures:							
<u>Debt Service:</u> Principal:							
Regular	65,000		65,000		65,000		70,000
Interest	38,328		35,182		35,182		32,483
Paying agent fees	 -		425		134		425
Total expenditures	 103,328		100,607		100,316		102,908
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over expenditures	(48,780)		(54,107)		(54,416)		(57,008)
over experientales	(40,700)		(34,107)		(54,410)		(37,000)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bond proceeds (net)	-		-		-		-
Transfers in (out):							
Water Fund	-		18,580		18,580		18,580
Sanitary Sewer Fund	 -		21,300		21,300		21,300
N. (1)							
Net increase (decrease) in	(40.700)		(4.4.007)		(4.4.500)		(47.400)
fund balance	(48,780)		(14,227)		(14,536)		(17,128)
Fund balance - January 1	 194,054		137,624		145,274		130,738
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 145,274	\$	123,397	\$	130,738	\$	113,610

The following tables depict the City's debt service payments by year for General Obligation Debt payable from Special Assessments.

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	70,000.00	32,482.50	102,483
2015	70,000.00	29,682.50	99,683
2016	75,000.00	26,782.50	101,783
2017	75,000.00	23,782.50	98,783
2018	80,000.00	20,642.50	100,643
2019	85,000.00	17,238.75	102,239
2020	85,000.00	13,711.25	98,711
2021	90,000.00	10,035.00	100,035
2022	95,000.00	6,103.75	101,104
2023	95,000.00	2,042.50	97,043
Total	\$820,000	\$182,504	\$1,002,504



CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA **EDA LEASE REVENUE BONDS**STATE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

		2012 2013 ACTUAL BUDGET		E	2013 STIMATE		2014 BUDGET	
Revenues:								
Investment earnings	\$	11,013	\$	800	\$	3,000	\$	3,000
Total revenues		11,013		800		3,000		3,000
Expenditures:								
Debt Service: Principal:								
Regular		-		195,000		195,000		225,000
Interest		190,178		325,045		325,045		322,383
Paying agent fees		-		-		1,400		1,400
Total expenditures		190,178		520,045		521,445		548,783
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over expenditures		(179,165)	(519,245)		(518,445)		(545,783)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (out):								
General Fund		881,795		340,000		340,000		340,000
Water Fund		-		82,500		82,500		82,500
Sanitary Sewer Fund		-		82,500		82,500		82,500
Net increase (decrease) in								
fund balance		702,630		(14,245)		(13,445)		(40,783)
Fund balance - January 1		-		140,322		702,630		689,185
5 II I	•	700.000	•		•	000 405	•	0.40.400

This fund was set up in 2012 to account for the Lease Revenue Bonds sold by the EDA at the beginning of the year.

\$ 126,077 \$ 689,185

\$ 702,630

Fund balance - December 31

648,402

\$



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of St. Francis, Minnesota Demographic Statistics

		St. Francis		Anoka County		Metro Area	
Characteristics	Year	#	% Change From 1990	#	% Change From 1990	#	% Change From 1990
Population	1990	2,538		243,641		2,288,721	
	2000	4,910	0.0	298,084	0.0	2,642,062	0.0
	2010	7,218	47.0	330,844	11.0	2,849,567	7.9
	2020	10,400	111.8	407,710	36.8	3,334,000	26.2
	2030	12,800	160.7	425,260	42.7	3,608,000	36.6
Households	1990	760		82,437		875,504	
	2000	1,638	-35.0	106,428	-12.2	1,021,456	-8.6
	2010	2,520	0.0	121,227	0.0	1,117,749	0.0
	2020	4,000	58.7	156,220	28.9	1,362,000	21.9
	2030	5,000	98.4	172,250	42.1	1,492,000	33.5
Persons Per Household	1990	3.34		2.96		2.61	
	2000	3.00	15.3	2.80	7.3	2.59	5.7
	2010	2.86	10.2	2.73	4.6	2.55	4.1
	2020	2.60	0.0	2.61	0.0	2.45	0.0
	2030	2.56	-1.5	2.47	-5.4	2.42	-1.2
Employment	1990	793		N/A		1,273,773	
	2000	1,247	57%	110,091	-28.8	1,607,916	-24.4
	2010	1,537	94%	124,790	-19.3	1,544,613	-27.3
	2020	1,900	140%	141,970	-8.2	1,990,000	-6.4
	2030	2,220	180%	154,690	0.0	2,126,000	0.0

Sources: 1990, 2000 and 2010 -- U.S. Census Bureau or American Community Survey 2020 and 2030 -- Metropolitan Council Estimates.

City of St. Francis, Minnesota Demographic Statistics

	St. Francis	St. Francis	St. Francis	Metro Area	Metro Area	Metro Area
Characteristics	In 1990	In 2000	In 2010	In 1990	In 2000	In 2010
Number of Persons	2,538	4,910	7,218	2,288,721	2,642,062	2,849,567
Persons by Gender						
Female	49%	50%	51%	51%	51%	51%
Male	51%	50%	49%	49%	49%	49%
Number of Families	656	1,301	1,301	583,900	658,159	707,496
Number of Households	760	1,638	2,520	1,021,456	1,117,749	1,362,000
Persons per Household	3.34	3.00	2.86	2.61	2.59	2.55
Number of Housing Units	800	1,689	2,667	922,224	1,047,240	1,117,749
Number of Persons By Age						
0 - 19	44%	38%	34%	28%	29%	27%
20 - 24	6%	7%	6%	8%	7%	7%
25 - 34	22%	20%	16%	20%	16%	15%
35 - 64	25%	32%	38%	34%	39%	41%
65 - 74	2%	2%	4%	5%	5%	6%
75+	1%	1%	2%	4%	5%	5%
Persons by Race						
White	97%	95%	95%	91%	83%	76%
Non-white	3%	5%	5%	9%	17%	24%
Households by Type						
Family Households						
Married with children	46%	36%	30%	27%	26%	23%
Unmarried with children	17%	17%	16%	8%	9%	9%
Married without children	24%	26%	30%	31%	30%	31%
Non-family households	4%	7%	6%	8%	8%	8%
Lived alone	10%	13%	18%	25%	28%	29%

City of St. Francis, Minnesota Demographic Statistics

	St. Francis	St. Francis	St. Francis	Metro Area	Metro Area	Metro Area
Characteristics	In 1990	In 2000	In 2010	In 1990	In 2000	In 2010
Children By Age						
Under 5 Years Old	28%	28%	26%	31%	31%	27%
5 to 19 Years Old	72%	72%	74%	69%	69%	73%
Household Incomes						
Median	\$32,474	\$51,982	\$67,480	\$36,565	\$ 54,304	\$65,181
Highest Level of Education						
Did not graduate high school	16%	10%	7%	12%	9%	7%
High school graduate	42%	38%	40%	30%	24%	23%
Some college not degree	21%	31%	28%	21%	24%	22%
Associate degree	11%	11%	12%	9%	8%	9%
Bachelor degree	7%	6%	10%	20%	24%	26%
Graduate/Professional degree	2%	4%	3%	8%	11%	13%

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA

Miscellaneous Statistical Facts December 31, 2013

Year of incorporation Area of city			1974 23.7 sq miles	
Miles of roads:				
City State/County			47 26.9	
Private			4.5	
Total			78.4	
Water system:				
Number of hydrants City			269	
Private			68	
Number of wells			3	
Miles of water mains City			24.7	
Private			7.4	
Raw			0.6	
Abandoned			0.2	
Sewer system:				
Lift stations				
City Private			12	
Miles of sewer mains			2	
City			20.6	
Private			5.7	
Number of manholes			=0.4	
City Private			504 142	
Tivale			142	
Fire protection:				
Number of stations			1	
Number of paid-per-call employees			18	
Police protection:				
Number of stations			1	
Number of full-time police officers			10	
Recreation:				
Parks (developed)			83	acres
Number of parks and playgrounds			14	
Employees:				
Full time (including police protection)			26	
Part time and temporary (including fire p	protection)		24	
Council members			5	
	Local	State	National	
Floations				
Elections: Date of last elections	Nov 06, 2012	Nov 06, 2012	Nov 06, 2012	
Number of registered voters	4,743	4,743	4,743	
Number of votes cast	3,673	3,673	3,673	
Percent of registered voters voting	78%	78%	78%	

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS Principal Taxpayers December 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

		2012/2	2013	
		Taxable	Net	Percent of
		Market	Tax	Total
Taxpayer		Value	Capacity	Tax Capacity
A.W — .		40.000.000		4.4007
Alliant Techsystems	Ammunition manufacturer	12,086,300	175,977	4.46%
ALS Properties Woodhaven LLC	Mobile Home Park	8,154,700	101,934	2.58%
St. Francis Realty LLC	Shopping Center	4,670,400	92,167	2.34%
Connexus Energy	Utility	3,475,600	69,512	1.76%
King Exchange LLC	Shopping Center	3,145,800	61,416	1.56%
Minnegasco Inc.	Utility	2,634,800	52,696	1.34%
Northern Capital Investments	Residential	2,000,000	25,000	0.63%
Village Bank	Commercial	1,195,200	23,024	0.58%
Individual Family LP	Commercial	1,116,600	21,582	0.55%
Abbey Field LTD Partnership	Apartment	2,279,800	17,099	0.43%
		40,759,200	640,407	16.23%

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA TAX BASE, TAX LEVIES AND TAX RATES



CITY OF ST. FRANCIS, MINNESOTA TAX BASE, TAX LEVIES AND TAX RATES

TAX BASE

Year	Estimated	Taxable
Payable	Value	Value
2008	606,300,761	557,796,700
2009	574,727,404	555,761,400
2010	507,098,392	517,621,700
2011	452,734,781	461,213,200
2012	399,249,358	411,814,985
2013	412,869,600	361,177,080

TAX LEVIES

1700 EE 1120								
Year	Tax	Local	Total					
			Levy +					
Payable	Levy	Govt Aid	LGA					
2004	1,521,752	197,454	1,719,206					
2005	1,979,977	200,000	2,179,977					
2006	2,167,157	200,000	2,367,157					
2007	2,402,157	200,000	2,602,157					
2008	2,672,615	100,000	2,772,615					
2009	2,724,202	222,535	2,946,737					
2010	2,873,160	80,940	2,954,100					
2011	2,873,160	80,940	2,954,100					
2012	2,873,160	80,940	2,954,100					
2013	2,988,086	80,940	3,069,026					
2014	2,988,086	313,420	3,301,506					

TAX RATES

		Overlapping Rates*			
Year	City	Anoka			Special
Payable	Rate	County	ISD #15	ISD #728	Districts
2004	34.852	35.765	19.149	31.107	4.233
2005	40.652	33.581	18.598	32.996	4.443
2006	38.145	32.543	23.167	36.105	4.016
2007	36.786	31.094	24.716	33.352	3.912
2008	39.380	31.453	23.269	32.491	5.224
2009	38.401	32.445	20.992	36.300	3.797
2010	44.265	35.574	24.970	40.142	4.317
2011	47.139	40.376	28.896	43.489	4.478
2012	53.406	42.265	32.835	45.548	3.225
2013	63.026	41.411	33.707	50.058	3.317
2014					
TNT	59.488	43.567	33.580	51.845	3.278

^{*-}Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners (e.g. the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the City's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

- **ACCOUNTING SYSTEM:** The total set of records and procedures which are used to record, classify, and report information on the financial status and operations of an entity.
- **ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:** The method of accounting under which revenues are recorded when they are earned (whether or not cash is received at that time) and expenditures are recorded when goods and services are received (whether cash disbursements are made at that time or not).
- **APPROPRIATION:** An authorization made by the legislative body of a government which permits officials to incur obligations against and to make expenditures of governmental resources. Appropriations are usually made for fixed amounts and are typically granted for a one-year period.
- **ASSESSED VALUATION:** A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government as a basis for levying taxes.
- **ASSETS:** Property owned by a government which has a monetary value.
- **BOND:** A written promise to pay (debt) a specified sum of money (called principal or face value) at a specified future date (called the maturity date{s}) along with periodic interest paid at a specified percentage of the principal (interest rate). Bonds are typically used for long-term debt.
- **BUDGET DOCUMENT:** The official written statement prepared by the budget office and supporting staff which presents the proposed budget to the legislative body.
- **CAPITAL ASSETS:** Assets of significant value and having a useful life of several years. Capital assets are also called fixed assets.
- **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS BUDGET:** A plan of proposed capital expenditures and the means of financing them. The capital budget is usually enacted as part of the complete annual budget which includes both operating and capital outlays. The capital budget normally is based on a capital improvement program.
- **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM:** A plan for capital expenditures to be incurred each year over a fixed period of several future years setting forth each capital project, identifying the expected beginning and ending date for each project, the amount to be expended in each year, and the method of financing those expenditures.
- **CAPITAL OUTLAYS:** Expenditures for the acquisition of capital assets.

CAPITAL PROJECTS: Projects which purchaser construct capital assets. Typically a capital project encompasses a purchase of land and/or the construction of a building or facility.

- **CASH BASIS:** The method of accounting under which revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid.
- **CONTINGENCY ACCOUNT:** A budgetary reserve set aside for emergencies or unforeseen expenditures not otherwise budgeted for.
- **CONTRACT:** A contract, for purposes of the bidding laws, is an agreement for the sale or purchase of supplies, materials, equipment, or the rental thereof or the construction, alteration, repairs or maintenance of real or personal property.
- **DEBT SERVICE:** Payment of interest and repayment of principal to holders of a government's debt instruments.
- **DEFICIT:** (1) The excess of an entity's liabilities over its assets (See Fund Balance); (2) the excess of expenditures or expenses over revenues during a single accounting period.
- **DEPRECIATION:** (1) Expiration in the service life of capital assets attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy or obsolescence; (2) that portion of the cost of a capital asset which is charged as an expense during a particular period.
- **ENTERPRISE FUND:** A fund established to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.
- **EXPENDITURES:** Where accounts are kept on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting, the cost of goods received or services rendered whether cash payments have been made or not. Where accounts are kept on a cash basis, expenditures are recognized only when the cash payments for the above purchases are made.
- **FISCAL DISPARITIES:** A distribution of 40% of the growth in commercial and industrial properties within the seven-county metropolitan area since 1971
- **FULL FAITH AND CREDIT:** A pledge of the general taxing power of a government to repay debt obligations (typically used in reference to bonds).

FUND: An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives.

- **FUND BALANCE:** The excess of a fund's assets over its liabilities. A negative fund balance is sometimes called a deficit.
- **GENERAL FUND:** The fund used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:** When a government pledges its full faith and credit to the repayment of the bonds it issues, then those bonds are general obligation (GO) bonds. Sometimes the term is also used to refer to bonds which are to be repaid from taxes and other general revenues.
- **GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP):** Uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and content of the financial statements of an entity. GAAP encompass the conventions, rules and procedures necessary to define accepted accounting practices at a particular time. They include not only broad guidelines of general application, but also detailed practices and procedures. GAAP provide a standard by which to measure financial presentations. The primary authoritative body on the application of GAAP to state and local governments is the GAAP.
- **GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB):** The authoritative accounting and financial reporting standard-setting body for government entities.
- **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:** Funds used to account for the acquisition, use and balance of expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities-except those accounted for in proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Under current GAAP, there are four governmental fund types: general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects.
- **GRANT:** A contribution of assets (usually cash) by one governmental unit or other organization to another. Typically, these contributions are made to local governments from the state and federal governments. Grants are usually made for specified purposes.
- **HOME RULE CHARTER:** A home rule charter City is one that has its powers and structure determined by an election of its citizens in adopting a charter, as opposed to a statutory City whose structure and powers are fairly well proscribed by state statute.
- **HOMESTEAD AND AGRICULTURAL CREDIT AID (HACA):** A property tax relief program that replaced the former homestead credit program and the agricultural credit program. HACA is tied to class rate reductions for certain classes of property.
- **INFRASTRUCTURE:** The basic facilities, equipment, services and installations needed for the

growth and functioning of a community. Includes roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems.

- **INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES:** Revenues from other governments in the form of grants, entities, shared revenues or payments in lieu of taxes.
- **INTERNAL SERVICE FUND:** A fund used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.
- **LEGAL DEBT LIMIT:** The maximum amount of outstanding gross or net debt legally permitted.
- **LEGAL DEBT MARGIN:** The legal debt limit less outstanding debt subject to limitation.
- **LEGISLATIVE:** Having the power to create laws.
- **LEVY:** (1) (Verb) To impose taxes, special assessments or service charges for the support of government activities. (2) (Noun) The total amount of taxes, special assessments or service charges imposed by a government.
- **LOCAL GOVERNMENT AID (LGA):** A state government revenue sharing program for cities and townships that is intended to provide an alternative to the property tax. LGA is distributed through a formula based on tax base, population, population decline, age of housing and the percent of market value classified as commercial or industrial.
- **MARKET VALUE:** An assessor's estimate of what property would be work on the open market if sold. The market value is set on January 2 of the year before taxes are payable.
- **MARKET VALUE HOMESTEAD CREDIT (MVHC):** A property tax relief program devised by the State government to give local property tax payers relief from the burden of local property taxes.
- **MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS:** The basis of accounting under which expenditures, other than accrued interest on general long-term debt, are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash, except for material and/or available revenues, which should be accrued to reflect properly the taxes levied and revenue earned.
- **MATURITIES:** The dates on which the principal or stated values of investments or debt obligations mature and may be reclaimed.
- **OPERATING BUDGET:** A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for the calendar year and the proposed means of financing them (revenue estimates).
- **PERA:** Public Employees Retirement Association

PERSONAL SERVICES: A level of budgetary appropriations, which includes expenses for salaries, wages, and related employee benefits such as the City's share of retirement and insurance.

- **POLICE DEPARTMENT AID:** An intergovernmental revenue from the State to be used to maintain the Police Department. A premium tax of two percent is imposed on automobile insurance and apportioned to qualifying cities.
- **POLICY:** A set of guidelines used for making decisions.
- **RETAINED EARNINGS:** An equity account reflecting the accumulated earnings of the City's Water, Sanitary Sewer and Liquor Store Fund.
- **REVENUE:** The term designates an increase to a fund's assets which:
 - does not increase a liability (e.g., proceeds from a loan);
 - does not represent a repayment of an expenditure already made;
 - does not represent a cancellation of certain liabilities; and
 - does not represent an increase in contributed capital.
- **REVENUE ESTIMATE:** A formal estimate of how much revenue will be earned from a specific revenue source for some future period; typically, a future fiscal year.
- **SPECIAL ASSESSMENT:** A compulsory levy made against certain properties to defray part or all of the cost of a specific improvement or service deemed to primarily benefit those properties.
- **SPECIAL REVENUE FUND:** A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.
- **SUPPLIES:** A level of budgetary appropriations, which includes expenses for commodities that are used such as office supplies, operating supplies, repair and maintenance supplies.
- **TAX CAPACITY:** A valuation set upon real estate and certain personal property by the County Assessor as a basis for levying property taxes. The assessor determines the estimated market (resale) value of property. This value is converted to tax capacity by a formula specified in state law.
- **TAX CAPACITY RATE:** The property tax rate which is based on the taxes levied as a proportion of the property value. A tax rate of 30.751% produces \$30.75 of taxes on each \$100 of tax capacity that a property is valued at.
- **TAX LEVY:** The total amount to be raised by general property taxes for the purposes stated in the resolution certified to the County Auditor.

TRANSFER: Transfers of assets between funds.

Acronyms

CAFR Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CIP Capital Improvement Plan

EDA Economic Development Authority

EMV Estimated Market Value FTE Full Time Equivalent

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board
GFOA Government Finance Officers' Association

GO General Obligation LGA Local Government Aid

MVHC Market Value Homestead Credit
MVHE Market Value Homestead Exclusion

NTC Net Tax Capacity

SAC Sewer Availability Charge

SIPC Securities Investor Protection Corporation

TIF Tax Increment Financing
TMV Taxable Market Value
WAC Water Availability Charge